

**Matter No. M09499**

**In the Matter of an Application by Nova Scotia Power Incorporated  
for Approval its Annual Capital Expenditure Plan for 2020**

**REDACTED**  
**EVIDENCE OF**  
**PAUL CHERNICK AND JOHN D. WILSON**  
**ON BEHALF OF**  
**THE CONSUMER ADVOCATE**

Resource Insight, Inc.

**FEBRUARY 20, 2020**

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1 **I. Identification**

2 **Q: Mr. Chernick, please state your name, occupation, and business address.**

3 A: I am Paul L. Chernick. I am the president of Resource Insight, Inc., 5 Water St.,  
4 Arlington, Massachusetts.

5 **Q: Summarize your professional education and experience.**

6 A: I received an SB degree from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in June  
7 1974 from the Civil Engineering Department, and an SM degree from the  
8 Massachusetts Institute of Technology in February 1978 in technology and  
9 policy. I have been elected to membership in the civil engineering honorary  
10 society Chi Epsilon, and the engineering honor society Tau Beta Pi, and to  
11 associate membership in the research honorary society Sigma Xi.

12 I was a utility analyst for the Massachusetts Attorney General for more than  
13 three years and was involved in numerous aspects of utility rate design, costing,  
14 load forecasting, and the evaluation of power supply options. Since 1981, I have  
15 been a consultant in utility regulation and planning, first as a research associate  
16 at Analysis and Inference, after 1986 as president of PLC, Inc., and in my current  
17 position at Resource Insight. In these capacities, I have advised a variety of clients  
18 on utility matters.

19 My work has considered, among other things, the cost-effectiveness of pro-  
20 spective new electric generation plants and transmission lines, retrospective  
21 review of generation-planning decisions, ratemaking for plant under construc-  
22 tion, ratemaking for excess and/or uneconomical plant entering service, conser-  
23 vation program design, cost recovery for utility efficiency programs, the valua-  
24 tion of environmental externalities from energy production and use, allocation of  
25 costs of service between rate classes and jurisdictions, design of retail and whole-

1 sale rates, and performance-based ratemaking and cost recovery in restructured  
2 gas and electric industries. My professional qualifications are further summarized  
3 in Exhibit RII-1.

4 **Q: Have you testified previously in utility proceedings?**

5 A: Yes. I have testified more than 350 times on utility issues before various  
6 regulatory, legislative, and judicial bodies, including utility regulators in thirty-  
7 seven states and six Canadian provinces, and two U.S. Federal agencies. This  
8 testimony has included the review of many utility-proposed power plants and  
9 purchased-power contracts.

10 **Q: Have you testified previously regarding NS Power's Annual Capital**  
11 **Expenditure plans?**

12 A: Yes. I have filed evidence on four of those plans, as well as some capital  
13 expenditures filed subsequent to the annual plans, as listed in my resume.

14 **Q: Have you previously testified in other proceedings before this Board?**

15 A: Yes. I testified in over 25 Board proceedings, as listed in my resume. I have also  
16 assisted the Consumer Advocate in preparing comments and developing positions  
17 in numerous proceedings and stakeholder processes.

18 **Q: Mr. Wilson, please state your name, occupation, and business address.**

19 A: I am John D. Wilson. I am the research director of Resource Insight, Inc., 5 Water  
20 St., Arlington, Massachusetts.

21 **Q: Summarize your professional education and experience.**

22 A: I received a BA degree from Rice University in 1990, with majors in physics and  
23 history, and an MPP degree from the Harvard Kennedy School of Government  
24 with an emphasis in energy and environmental policy, and economic and analytic  
25 methods.

1 I was deputy director of regulatory policy at the Southern Alliance for Clean  
2 Energy for more than twelve years, where I was the senior staff member  
3 responsible for SACE's utility regulatory research and advocacy, as well as  
4 energy resource analysis. I engaged with southeastern utilities through regulatory  
5 proceedings, formal workgroups, informal consultations, and research-driven  
6 advocacy.

7 My work has considered, among other things, the cost-effectiveness of pro-  
8 spective new electric generation plants and transmission lines, retrospective  
9 review of generation-planning decisions, conservation program design,  
10 ratemaking and cost recovery for utility efficiency programs, allocation of costs  
11 of service between rate classes and jurisdictions, design of retail rates, and  
12 performance-based ratemaking for electric utilities.

13 My professional qualifications are further summarized in Exhibit RII-2.

14 **Q: Have you testified previously in utility proceedings?**

15 A: Yes. I have testified more than a dozen times before utility regulators in the  
16 Southeast U.S. and appeared numerous additional times before various regulatory  
17 and legislative bodies.

18 **Q: Have you previously testified before this Board?**

19 A: No.

## 20 **II. Introduction and Summary**

21 **Q: On whose behalf are you testifying?**

22 A: Our testimony is sponsored by the Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate.

23 **Q: What is the purpose of your testimony?**

1 A: We review aspects of NS Power’s application for approval its Annual Capital  
2 Expenditure Plan for 2020. Specifically, our testimony addresses the following  
3 topic areas:

- 4 • Potential to decommission hydroelectric systems.
- 5 • Review of annually recurring capital projects under the new \$1 million  
6 threshold.
- 7 • Use of project contingencies.
- 8 • Cost minimization practices.

9 Our testimony is very much in the context of the ongoing integrated resource  
10 planning process. The IRP process will consider whether it is advisable to retire  
11 certain plants and project operations (capacity factor) at all plants. The sustaining  
12 capital costs from the ACE Plan are inputs to the IRP, and the retirement dates  
13 and capacity factors are inputs into the ACE Plan. While the IRP is being updated,  
14 greater caution regarding investment commitments is warranted.

### 15 **III. Potential to Decommission Hydroelectric Systems**

16 **Q: Why should the Board consider issues related to decommissioning**  
17 **hydroelectric systems?**

18 A: NS Power is developing an integrated resource plan (an “IRP”) that will evaluate  
19 the system benefits of all its generation resources. A comprehensive hydro asset  
20 study has been completed as an input into the IRP and thus provides planning-  
21 level guidance for resource investment decisions.<sup>1</sup> Furthermore, NS Power is  
22 studying Life Extension and Modernization (“LEM”) projects for the Wreck

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<sup>1</sup> NS Power, *Hydro Asset Study* (December 21, 2018). Hereafter, *HAS*. See also NS Power, response to CA IR-8.

1 Cove Hydro System and the Annapolis Tidal Power Facility, Safety Remedial  
2 Works for Gaspereau Dam, and a Redevelopment Project for the Mersey Hydro  
3 System. Many millions of dollars in capital investments in the hydro systems are  
4 at stake, as well as the potential need for investment in replacement resources.

5 **Q: Which hydroelectric system assets might be candidates for**  
6 **decommissioning?**

7 A: The Board should closely examine the possibility that decommissioning the  
8 Mersey and Annapolis systems could be more cost-effective than sustained  
9 investment. Based on long term sustaining capital cost estimates in the Hydro  
10 Asset Study, it is probable that the remainder of the hydro systems merit  
11 continued sustaining investments.

12 **Q: Are you recommending decommissioning at this time?**

13 A: No. We are recommending that the Board emphasize that NS Power should not  
14 advance capital projects at Mersey and Annapolis (other than health and safety)  
15 until it has completed a comprehensive review of their cost-effectiveness through  
16 both the IRP and the redevelopment and LEM projects, respectively.

17 **Q: How did you analyze the costs and benefits of NS Power's hydro systems?**

18 A: The Hydro Asset Study was our primary source. It includes "forecast sustaining  
19 costs and decommissioning costs of each of NS Power's hydro systems."<sup>2</sup>  
20 However, there are at least two missing elements to the cost study.

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<sup>2</sup> HAS, p. 7.

1 First, NS Power notes that the costs “do not include the cost of replacement  
2 energy and capacity.”<sup>3</sup> In the absence of comprehensive, system-specific data, we  
3 assumed that the cost of replacement energy would be 4 cents per kWh.<sup>4</sup>

4 Second, NS Power’s analysis is that it does not consider the cost of  
5 eventually decommissioning the facilities if their lives are extended. The  
6 decommissioning cost should already be on the NS Power books, as NS Power  
7 accounting policies appear to require creation of a cost of removal liability upon  
8 putting a facility into service.<sup>5</sup> Decommissioning is not a new cost that is being  
9 created, it is one that has already been committed, with only the timing to be  
10 determined.

11 To correct for this omission, we adjusted the sustaining capital forecast by  
12 assuming that each system would be decommissioned in 2058. This simply places  
13 the sustaining and decommissioning cost estimates on a level basis, consistent  
14 with NS Power accounting policies. Another way to view our analysis is as a  
15 comparison of decommissioning in 2018 vs decommissioning in 2058.

16 Exhibit RII-3, a net benefit analysis, summarizes the net present value of  
17 each hydro system through 2058, adjusting NS Power’s estimate of  
18 decommissioning costs to include a replacement cost of energy, and adjusting the

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<sup>3</sup> *HAS*, p. 7. NS Power also states that the costs “do not reflect the value that [they] provide to the overall system.” We are unsure what this refers to beyond energy and capacity, but agree that the full value of the systems should be considered.

<sup>4</sup> We assumed 4¢/kWh because NS Power did not provide a value in response to a request. NS Power response to CA IR-8. The 4¢/kWh value is broadly representative of the prices of recent procurements of renewable power and storage in favorable locations. Over the next 40 years, the 4¢/kWh is an optimistic, but not unrealistic, marker for similar technologies in Nova Scotia. The hydro facilities, like the replacement renewables, are limited in their ability to follow load.

<sup>5</sup> NS Power, response to NSUARB IR-5.



1 estimate of sustaining costs to include the cost of decommissioning in 2058. The  
2 projects are sorted in order of net benefits as a percentage of sustaining costs.

3 **Q: What did you conclude from your analysis?**

4 A: Only the Mersey and Annapolis systems appear to be a close call in this analysis,  
5 and we will discuss them below.

6 For the remainder, while the Board should exercise scrutiny on the costs of  
7 sustaining each of those systems, it does not appear likely that the others will be  
8 good candidates for decommissioning.<sup>6</sup> For example, the net benefits of  
9 sustaining the Fall River system are nearly a 100% return on the sustaining cost  
10 investment. The other systems have more than a 100% return. We offer some  
11 comments on the Wreck Cove system as well.

12 **Q: What are the major sources of uncertainty in your analysis?**

13 A: The sustaining cost estimates could omit major capital investment requirements.  
14 The Hydro Asset Study forecasts costs through 2058 for the “sustaining  
15 investment profile.”<sup>7</sup> However, hydro assets probably cannot be maintained  
16 indefinitely without an LEM project. NS Power is not able to estimate when life  
17 extension projects would need to be considered, except for those hydro facilities  
18 for which an LEM project is being proposed.<sup>8</sup>

19 Both the sustaining and decommissioning cost estimates are “high-level  
20 estimates,” and include “a broad range of accuracy, from –50 to +100 percent.”<sup>9</sup>  
21 Mersey and Annapolis are the most likely systems to be more expensive to

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<sup>6</sup> Harmony and Roseway do not currently generate electricity. Should a capital project be anticipated for safety reasons, all alternatives should be considered, including decommissioning.

<sup>7</sup> NS Power, response to CA IR-5.

<sup>8</sup> NS Power, response to CA IR-6.

<sup>9</sup> HAS, p. 9.

1 operate than to decommission and replace. With higher replacement power costs,  
2 continued operation of Mersey and Annapolis would be economic, at NS Power’s  
3 current cost estimates. At the extremes of the cost-estimates accuracy ranges,  
4 Fall River, Sheet Harbour, and even Tusket could also conceivably be  
5 uneconomic to keep in service.

6 **Q: What is the current status of potential work on the Mersey system?**

7 A: The 2020 ACE Plan references the Mersey Hydro System Redevelopment  
8 project. Phase 1 (CI #39472) is a subsequent submittal item from the 2019 ACE  
9 Plan (having been originally submitted in the 2017 ACE Plan), currently  
10 estimated at \$161 million.<sup>10</sup> Previously, NS Power has estimated that the 10- to  
11 12-year redevelopment project would be submitted in several phases and could  
12 cost “approximately \$500–600 million.”<sup>11</sup>

13 The Hatch decommissioning study projects that Mersey decommissioning  
14 could have a net present value cost of \$214 million through 2058;<sup>12</sup> adding  
15 replacement generation at 4¢/kWh would bring the total to \$365 million. For the  
16 alternative of rebuilding and continuing to operate the Mersey system, NS Power  
17 currently projects that sustaining costs would be \$356 million; adding delayed  
18 decommissioning in 2058 brings that total to \$366 million. These figures are  
19 subject to substantial uncertainty, as we discussed above. Assuming these current  
20 estimates, life extension and decommissioning would have essentially the same  
21 cost.

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<sup>10</sup> NS Power, *2020 ACE Plan*, p. 24.

<sup>11</sup> NS Power, *2018 ACE Plan*, p. 35.

<sup>12</sup> *HAS*, p. 15; and Hatch, *Hydro System Decommissioning Cost Estimate for Nova Scotia Power Inc.’s Control Structures* (December 12, 2018), p. 70; filed as *HAS*, Appendix B, p. 87.

1           The Hydro Asset Study sustaining cost estimate is [REDACTED]  
2           [REDACTED] in a confidential briefing to stakeholders in  
3           December 2019. However, NS Power’s estimate of the range of possible costs  
4           [REDACTED] that the capital spending associated with either or  
5           both the Mersey Redevelopment Project and the Mersey decommissioning [REDACTED]  
6           [REDACTED] than the Hydro Asset Study suggested.<sup>13</sup>

7           **Q: What is the current status of potential work on the Annapolis Tidal system?**

8           A: The 2020 ACE Plan does not reference a major project on the Annapolis system.  
9           However, in the 2018 and 2019 ACE Plans, NS Power included the “Annapolis  
10           Overhaul” as a multi-million dollar forecast capital plan expenditure.<sup>14</sup> NS Power  
11           is now conducting an LEM feasibility analysis.<sup>15</sup>

12           NS Power explains that even though the Annapolis Tidal Power Facility was  
13           committed to run for 4 years, it has been maintained for over three decades.<sup>16</sup>

14           As shown in Exhibit RII-3, decommissioning Annapolis and replacing its  
15           energy could have a net present value cost of \$38 million through 2058, while  
16           sustaining Annapolis could have a cost of \$36 million. These figures are subject  
17           to substantial uncertainty, as we discussed above. The \$3 million (rounded) in net  
18           benefit to customers is well within the uncertainty bounds of the cost estimates.

19           **Q: Are there any special concerns with decommissioning the Annapolis Tidal**  
20           **Facility?**

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<sup>13</sup> NS Power, *Hydro Projects*, confidential presentation to stakeholders (December 2019), p. 23.

<sup>14</sup> NS Power, *2018 ACE Plan*, p. 158; and *2019 ACE Plan*, p. 134.

<sup>15</sup> *HAS*, p. 20.

<sup>16</sup> *HAS*, p. 20.

1 A: Yes. Decommissioning Annapolis is subject to some unusual uncertainties. NS  
2 Power assumes that after decommissioning, the provincial government would  
3 assume responsibility for the remaining facilities. The decommissioning project  
4 would require construction of bulkheads and filling of the empty powerhouse.  
5 Because it was assumed that the causeway would remain in place, the tidal power  
6 generating facility, sluice gates and other improvements would be transferred to  
7 the responsibility of the provincial government.<sup>17</sup>

8 NS Power's documentation for work at the Annapolis Tidal Facility does  
9 not discuss whether the provincial government has agreed to take responsibility  
10 for the facility after decommissioning. It is possible that the provincial  
11 government could require additional decommissioning work or require NS Power  
12 to retain liabilities for the facility.

13 **Q: What are your recommendations for the Mersey and Annapolis systems?**

14 A: When NS Power submits its Redevelopment project application for Mersey and  
15 its LEM project application for Annapolis, the Board should be prepared to give  
16 careful consideration to both the sustaining investment and decommissioning  
17 options. While NS Power's detailed analysis could suggest a different choice, at  
18 this time the Board should communicate that NS Power should not anticipate any  
19 further cost recovery for capital projects at Mersey or Annapolis (other than  
20 health and safety), until it has reviewed the comprehensive analyses.

21 Furthermore, the comprehensive analyses should consider the cost of  
22 decommissioning at the end of the estimated lifetime of the projects.

23 Providing this direction to NS Power would help ensure that NS Power does  
24 not request further cost recovery for potentially uneconomic investment into

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<sup>17</sup> J.B. Yates Engineering Ltd, *Annapolis Tidal Power Generation Station, Powerhouse Demolition Study* (October 19, 2018), p. 4 & 16; filed as *HAS*, Appendix D, p. 7 & 19.

1 Mersey or Annapolis, and that the Board receives the most comprehensive  
2 analysis comparing decommissioning to a major sustaining capital investment  
3 project in order to make decisions that manage impacts to rates for NS Power  
4 customers.

5 **Q: What is your assessment of the Wreck Cove LEM project?**

6 A: The December 2019 confidential briefing to stakeholders also discussed the  
7 Wreck Cove LEM project. Wreck Cove is a particularly flexible resource, which  
8 is likely to pass reasonable economic tests. Nonetheless, it is important that NS  
9 Power review the economics of major life extension projects realistically, as a  
10 routine matter.

11 Data shared in the confidential briefing suggest the Wreck Cove LEM  
12 project will be even more beneficial to NS Power customers than suggested by  
13 the Hydro Asset Study data presented in Exhibit RII-3. There are several Wreck  
14 Cove projects in the 2020 ACE Plan, including the pending 2019 LEM  
15 subsequent submittal (C0013838), 2020 LEM forecast subsequent submittal  
16 (C0014218), and four projects with value of less than \$1 million each.<sup>18</sup>

17 However, it was not clear from the confidential briefing or NS Power's  
18 responses to interrogatories whether or not the Wreck Cove LEM project cost  
19 estimates included sustaining capital, which should be included in the project  
20 application.<sup>19</sup> Furthermore, when NS Power submits its project application, the  
21 LEM project analysis should consider the cost of decommissioning at the end of  
22 the estimated lifetime of all options that extend the operating life of the system.

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<sup>18</sup> NS Power, response to SBA IR-5, Attachment 1, p. 1.

<sup>19</sup> NS Power, response to CA IR-5(b)(i); NS Power, *Hydro Projects (Confidential)* (December 2019), p. 17.

1 The Board should review the economics of the 2019 and 2020 LEM project  
2 applications along with other foreseeable costs.

3 **IV. Review of Annually Recurring Capital Projects Under the New \$1 Million**  
4 **Threshold**

5 **Q: What is the current standard for capital projects that do not require Board**  
6 **approval?**

7 A: Capital projects under \$1 million do not require Board approval under the  
8 recently amended *Public Utilities Act*.<sup>20</sup> This is the first year that this standard is  
9 being applied.

10 **Q: Are these projects a significant portion of the 2020 ACE Plan?**

11 A: Yes. The 2020 ACE Plan includes \$35.2 million in projects less than \$1 million  
12 for steam units.<sup>21</sup> When the ongoing integrated resource planning process is  
13 complete, some of these units may have significantly shorter economic lifetimes  
14 than currently forecast.

15 **Q: Are projects less than \$1 million subject to economic analysis?**

16 A: No. Capital projects greater than \$1 million are subject to economic analysis,  
17 which is “based on establishing which alternative, among a number of  
18 alternatives that satisfy basic requirements, yields the best value for customers

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<sup>20</sup> NS Power, *Capital Planning & Capital Expenditure Justification Criteria* (December 13, 2019), p. 9.

<sup>21</sup> NS Power, response to SBA IR-5, Attachment 1, p. 9.

1 and NS Power.”<sup>22</sup> It appears that this analysis is only conducted for projects that  
2 require Board approval.<sup>23</sup>

3 **Q: Would shorter economic lifetimes put at risk the economic justification for**  
4 **capital projects?**

5 A: Yes. The projects will install assets that “will last longer than [the] life of the unit  
6 in most cases.”<sup>24</sup> A short remaining life of the generating asset would erode the  
7 economic benefits of the sustaining investment and may require accelerated  
8 depreciation, which would increase the rate effects of the capital project. This is  
9 of particular concern if some or all of NS Power’s coal units are required to be  
10 shut down by 12/31/2029.

11 **Q: How will NS Power treat multiple projects that relate to the same asset or**  
12 **initiative that cumulatively exceed the \$1 million standard?**

13 A: It is not clear. NS Power’s criteria state that, “When multiple projects relate to  
14 the same asset, or initiative they should be grouped as a package.”<sup>25</sup> However, it  
15 is not clear whether three \$400,000 projects that are grouped as a package require  
16 Board approval.

17 **Q: Are there examples of multiple projects that relate to the same asset that**  
18 **would exceed the \$1 million threshold?**

19 A: Yes. We identified at least nine examples of multi-year refurbishment programs  
20 with annual budgets between \$250,000 and \$1,000,000 in recent years; these

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<sup>22</sup> NS Power, *Capital Planning & Capital Expenditure Justification Criteria* (December 13, 2019), p.25.

<sup>23</sup> *Id.*, pp. 27-28.

<sup>24</sup> NS Power, response to CA IR-9.

<sup>25</sup> NS Power, *Capital Planning & Capital Expenditure Justification Criteria* (December 13, 2019), p. 28.

1 projects would have been subject to individual Board approval with the old  
2 threshold, but not the new one. These projects fall into several categories.

- 3 • **Annual boiler refurbishments.** Boiler refurbishments at several coal units  
4 are described by nearly identical language. The language used for Trenton  
5 Unit 6 is a good example.

6 The scope of work for this project is to refurbish and replace  
7 deteriorated boiler tubes, tube bends and shields on the Trenton Unit  
8 6 boiler as part of the planned outage in 2019. The scope of this  
9 project is determined as part of the annual boiler condition data  
10 collection and analysis. This effort includes evaluation and  
11 prioritization of activities to be undertaken during the annual outage.  
12 Protective erosion shields identified as missing or degraded will be  
13 replaced with new shields. Tubes and bends will be replaced in the  
14 areas where the thickness readings are below American Society of  
15 Mechanical Engineers (ASME) specifications. This tolerance  
16 maximizes the economic tube life while maintaining boiler  
17 reliability.<sup>26</sup>

18 Boiler refurbishments are essentially routine replacement in kind of  
19 equipment that is failing or close to failing. Similar routine projects are found  
20 in other parts of NS Power's operations, such as the replacement of some  
21 number of overloaded or leaking line transformers each year. Those programs  
22 would never end, so long at the plant is kept in service, since by the time the  
23 last boiler tube has degraded to the point of replacement, tubes replaced years  
24 before will require another round of replacement.

- 25 • **Annual, rotating refurbishment of one or two assets.** Specific parts at coal  
26 units have been identified for refurbishment. For example, at Lingan there are  
27 eight screens that remove sea debris from water used in the plant's cooling

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<sup>26</sup> NS Power, *2019 ACE Plan*, p. 423.



1 systems, and eight cooling water pumps. Typically, two screens and one pump  
2 are refurbished each year.<sup>27</sup>

3 • **Annual work to the same assets.** In at least one case, some of the work  
4 appears to be repeating the same refurbishments. For example, the  
5 descriptions of Port Hawkesbury Biomass’s annual boiler refurbishments for  
6 multiple years have specified “the collecting system alignment will be  
7 improved and casing refurbishments undertaken to reduce air ingress.”<sup>28</sup>

8 **Q: What concerns do you have about these repeating annual capital projects?**

9 A: We are primarily concerned that the decision to keep investing substantial  
10 amounts in the steam units be subject to an appropriate level of review when the  
11 total multi-year commitment exceeds the \$1 million threshold. The costs may fall  
12 into one of three categories.

13 First, the repeated projects may represent periodic replacement in kind of  
14 failing equipment. In those situations, the repeated projects are part of the cost of  
15 keeping the unit reliable, and NS Power should periodically demonstrate that the  
16 multi-year program remains cost-effective compared to, for example, running  
17 equipment to failure and repairing it after it fails. Periodic review is appropriate  
18 because the unit’s economics may change over time, due to plant-specific  
19 operating issues, changing operating schedules, or changes in overall system  
20 economics. Decisions about whether to continue multiple preventative  
21 replacement programs, run equipment to failure, or promptly retire a unit can be  
22 examined during an integrated resource planning process, but IRPs are not

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<sup>27</sup> *Id.*, pp. 895, 941.

<sup>28</sup> NS Power, *2016 ACE Plan*, p. 249; *2018 ACE Plan*, p. 1614; *2019 ACE Plan*, p. 452. The Port Hawkesbury Biomass annual refurbishment was reviewed in some detail in 2017. *UARB Approval of 2017 Capital Work Order*, Matter No. M08177 (August 4, 2017).

1 frequent and are already complicated affairs. Having some review in the ACE  
2 Plans of commitments to keep units running, with projects exceeding \$1 million  
3 over the foreseeable future, may be a useful supplement to the IRPs.

4 Second, some of the continuing projects may be multi-year upgrades, rather  
5 than simple replacement of failing components. Each such program should be  
6 reviewed as a project, if the program exceeds \$1 million over multiple years.

7 Third, some of these repeating activities appear to be more like expenses  
8 that must be incurred roughly annually, rather than capital investments.

9 **Q: How might the Board effectively review plant economics for annual capital**  
10 **projects?**

11 A: The Board could require that recurring annual capital projects be grouped as a  
12 package and, if the cumulative budget exceeds \$1 million, be justified under the  
13 procedure used for capital projects. This justification would only need to be  
14 repeated if there are plant-specific changes that might affect the unit economics,  
15 or if the plant's economics have changed during an integrated resource planning  
16 process. If nothing material has changed, NS Power could simply refer back to  
17 the explanation in the previous ACE.

18 For example, Lingan cooling water pump refurbishment economic analyses  
19 were included in the 2016, 2017, and 2018 ACE Plans.<sup>29</sup> If the Board adopted a  
20 project grouping policy, the analysis included in the 2016 ACE Plan could have  
21 been used to justify up to eight annual refurbishments (one per pump), unless a  
22 plant-specific change (such as anticipated retirement of Lingan 2) or system  
23 change in plant economics (perhaps identified in an IRP) merited revisiting the  
24 justification.

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<sup>29</sup> NS Power, *2016 ACE Plan*, p. 580; *2017 ACE Plan*, p. 376; *2018 ACE Plan*, p. 1781.

1           The Board suggested just this approach when it examined NS Power’s  
2           practice of submitting multiple component capital expenditures “which are all  
3           required to benefit the hydro system as a whole.” The Board went on to explain  
4           that “while capital costs related to only one ‘project’ are included in the analysis,  
5           the same benefits related to avoided expenses are often included in a number of  
6           individual ‘project’ submissions. This appears to the Board to fail to truly reflect  
7           a matching of capital expenditures to claimed benefits.”<sup>30</sup>

8           **Q: How might NS Power improve its alternatives for annual refurbishments?**

9           A: Currently, boiler refurbishments are evaluated against the alternative of  
10           unplanned outages, replacement energy and repairs.<sup>31</sup> There may be alternatives  
11           that could result in the annual work being required on a less frequent basis –  
12           alternatives such as reduced unit operating times, enhanced monitoring, or life-  
13           extending treatments. NS Power could seek to identify a more robust set of  
14           alternatives to minimize the cost of these capital projects, especially as the steam  
15           plants approach potential retirement dates.

16           **Q: What types of costs might be more appropriately categorized as expenses?**

17           A: It appears that every year, Port Hawkesbury Biomass’s annual boiler  
18           refurbishments has included “the collecting system alignment will be improved  
19           and casing refurbishments undertaken to reduce air ingress.”<sup>32</sup> If the same work

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<sup>30</sup> NSUARB, *In the Matter of an Application by Nova Scotia Power Incorporated for Approval of its Annual Capital Expenditure Plan for 2018*, Decision in Matter No. M08350 (April 25, 2018), p. 31–32.

<sup>31</sup> See, for example, NS Power, *2018 ACE Plan*, p. 1551, 1559, 1567 and 1575.

<sup>32</sup> NS Power, *2016 ACE Plan*, p. 249; *2018 ACE Plan*, p. 1614; *2019 ACE Plan*, p. 452. The Port Hawkesbury Biomass annual refurbishment was reviewed in some detail in 2017. *UARB Approval of 2017 Capital Work Order*, Matter No. M08177 (August 4, 2017).

1 is being performed each year, then the result is not a capital asset. Annual  
2 refurbishment work should be reviewed, and if the same work is required each  
3 year, NS Power should explain why that work should not be considered an  
4 expense.

5 **Q: What would be the implications if a 12/31/2029 deadline is enforced for**  
6 **closure of coal plants?**

7 A: The economic justification for annual recurring refurbishments may not be met  
8 if coal plants are required to shut down in 2029. As part of the integrated resource  
9 planning process, it could be useful to identify at what point annual recurring  
10 refurbishments would be terminated in advance of a plant closure date. For  
11 example, Lingan cooling water pump refurbishments might be suspended three  
12 years in advance of closure since there would still be one relatively new pump  
13 per unit. If the current sustaining capital cost assumptions are based on the idea  
14 that annual recurring refurbishments will occur up until the very last year of  
15 operation, that practice may need to be revised. If so, this could result in near-  
16 term cost savings by avoiding unnecessary annual refurbishments.

17 **V. Use of Project Contingencies.**

18 **Q: How does NS Power explain its use of project cost contingencies?**

19 A: NS Power explains its use of contingencies as follows:

20 The requirement for contingency is determined on a case-by-case  
21 basis for each project and a range of contingency percentage  
22 amounts, or none at all, can be expected given the varying levels of  
23 uncertainty within each project. Contingency can be calculated as a  
24 percentage of capital projects as a whole or can be applied to specific  
25 project components if there is a specific level of uncertainty with  
26 those components. For example an additional contingency may be  
27 applied to materials to account for unknowns related to steel tariffs,  
28 as was the case in CI C0002539 - HYD Bridge Remediation 2019.

1 Applying contingency to a project will depend on the potential range  
2 of uncertainty associated with aspects of the project. For example,  
3 the contingency can be impacted by the firmness of vendor pricing  
4 estimates or the number of unknowns on a project. For some projects,  
5 the level of uncertainty is so low that applying a contingency factor is  
6 unnecessary, such as for an Unforeseen and Unbudgeted (U&U) item  
7 filed with the NSUARB after the project has been completed will not  
8 have any contingency as the project is complete. The requirement for  
9 contingency on any given project is determined by NS Power on a case  
10 by case basis.<sup>33</sup>

11 **Q: Does NS Power appear to be effectively identifying the need for contingency**  
12 **on a case by case basis?**

13 A: No. For projects with contingency factors, the level of uncertainty in project cost  
14 estimates is not much different than those without contingency factors. In Table  
15 1, NS Power added aggregated contingencies of 9.1% to the pre-contingency  
16 budgets of the reported projects, which actually incurred overruns of just 10.4%  
17 above the pre-contingency budget.

18 The projects for which NS Power added no contingency to the budget  
19 experienced a 7.6% cost overrun.<sup>34</sup> This is slightly lower than the 10.4% overruns  
20 relative to the pre-contingency budget, but not enough to suggest that NS Power  
21 has effectively identified projects that need a contingency.

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<sup>33</sup> NS Power, response to SBA IR-8.

<sup>34</sup> These percentage cost overruns are weighted by project cost, so these results are for the average dollar budgeted in this period. The average project to which NS Power added contingency experienced a final cost 10.6% higher than the pre-contingency estimate, while the average project to which NS Power did not add contingency experienced a final cost 11.3% higher than the budget. The various averages are skewed by such surprising results as CI# 43200, for which NS Power reports a final cost 99.95% lower than the budget, which included a 7.8% contingency; the completed project is unlikely to be even remotely related to the budgeted project.

1 **Table 1: Average Capital Project Costs, With and Without Contingencies**

	With Contingencies	Without Contingencies
Approved Estimate	\$931,179	\$844,720
Contingency	\$77,452	-
Pre-Contingency Estimate	\$853,727	844,720
Contingency Percentage	9.1 %	
Actual Spend	\$942,345	\$909,279
Average Cost Overrun vs Pre-Contingency Estimate	\$88,618 10.4 %	\$64,559 7.6 %
Average Cost Overrun vs Approved Estimate	\$11,166 1.2 %	\$64,559 7.6 %

Source: Analysis of NS Power Response to NSUARB IR-46, Updated Appendix F.

2 For the projects to which NS Power added contingencies, those  
 3 contingencies were not quite sufficient to cover the aggregate cost overruns. The  
 4 actual spend was an average of 1.2% more than the approved project cost  
 5 estimate, including the contingency.

6 When project contingencies were not used, cost overruns (compared to the  
 7 approved estimate) were more than five times greater: 7.6% of the approved  
 8 estimate. Clearly, projects that NS Power determined to not merit the use of a  
 9 contingency have been subject to much higher cost risks than NS Power assumed.  
 10 Comparing contingency projects to non-contingency projects, the percentage cost  
 11 overrun relative to pre-contingency estimates was 10.4% and 7.6%, respectively,  
 12 suggesting that there is not much difference in cost risk between the two  
 13 categories of projects.

14 **Q: What do you recommend with respect to contingencies?**

15 A: In the interest of providing the Board with better cost estimates, NS Power should  
 16 utilize project contingencies more widely. However, care should be taken that this  
 17 does not inadvertently reduce the incentives for project managers to control costs.  
 18 It should be noted that average project contingencies in the 2020 ACE Plan appear  
 19 to be significantly higher than in prior years.<sup>35</sup>

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<sup>35</sup> NS Power, response to SBA IR-10.

1 **VI. Cost Minimization Practices.**

2 **Q: How does NS Power describe practices it uses to minimize costs in its capital**  
3 **projects?**

4 A: NS Power identified several practices it uses to minimize costs in its capital  
5 projects.<sup>36</sup>

- 6 • Evaluating multiple alternatives throughout the planning process
- 7 • Dam redesign efforts to reduce the archaeological footprint
- 8 • Track actual vs budget, with forecasts updated monthly
- 9 • Use of competitive bidding with contract assurances and protections,  
10 including consolidation and joint procurement for economy of scale
- 11 • Harmonizing specifications and identifying alternative options
- 12 • Negotiating best and final offers
- 13 • Multi-year or master service agreements, locking in rates
- 14 • Scheduling capital work during planned outages.

15 **Q: Do you agree that these are cost minimization practices?**

16 A: While they may be prudent actions, these are mostly fairly generic practices that  
17 do not necessarily lead to cost minimization. For example, tracking actual cost  
18 versus budget is not a cost minimization practice, unless there is also a practice  
19 that ensures the information leads to some change in project management or in  
20 future budgeting and investment decisions.

21 NS Power provided several good examples of specific cost-minimization  
22 practices. Several of these examples involve using monitoring techniques to defer  
23 major refurbishments.<sup>37</sup> NS Power was also able to identify specific cost savings

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<sup>36</sup> NS Power, responses to CA IR-2, IG IR-11.

<sup>37</sup> NS Power, *2020 ACE Plan*, p. 128.

1 based on price reductions achieved as a result of strategic joint procurement with  
2 NB Power.<sup>38</sup>

3 Another example of a specific cost minimization practice was given by NS  
4 Power in its response to the Industrial Group’s question about failed primary  
5 aerial conductors.<sup>39</sup> These devices were responsible for the largest number of  
6 customer hours of interruption in 2019. When such failures occur, significant  
7 costs are incurred. NS Power describes a number of risk mitigation activities.  
8 This would appear to be an area in which NS Power could have described how it  
9 has optimized inspections, equipment replacement, and other activities, based on  
10 a least-cost strategy to avoid costly equipment failures.

11 **Q: What do you mean by specific cost minimization practices?**

12 A: A well-executed cost minimization strategy will include very specific strategies  
13 and outcomes. For example, in a recent trade magazine article, industry experts  
14 described:

- 15 • Early purchases of critical equipment to lock down technical details that  
16 influence engineering and design;
- 17 • Incorporating scaffolding into project design; and
- 18 • Use of drones to plan and arrange site materials.<sup>40</sup>

19 In a case study of capital project planning and execution, ScottMadden  
20 Management Consultants describe a number of best practices.<sup>41</sup> NS Power should

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<sup>38</sup> NS Power, response to IG IR-11.

<sup>39</sup> NS Power, response to IG IR-12. See also NS Power, response to NSUARB IR-9.

<sup>40</sup> Gail Reitenbach, “New Best Practices for Power Project Planning and Construction,” *Power Magazine* (August 2016).

<sup>41</sup> Cristin Lyons, “Improving Capital Project Planning and Execution,” *ScottMadden Insights Library* (2013).



1 consider whether it is implementing these best practices. For instance, it is not  
2 clear whether project managers are included in NS Power’s capital project  
3 planning process.

4 Post-project reviews or audits are another strategy for cost minimization.  
5 For example, the Halifax auditor general recently completed an audit of its LED  
6 streetlight conversion project, in which it found that the municipality “had  
7 effective systems and procedures to manage the LED streetlight conversion  
8 project; LED savings have been realized.”<sup>42</sup> However, the auditor general also  
9 found some deficiencies such as lacking documentation for budgets. NS Power  
10 does not discuss post-project reviews or audits in any of its answers discussing  
11 cost minimization.

12 **Q: What do you recommend with respect to cost-minimization practices?**

13 A: NS Power should continue to describe its cost minimization practices in its annual  
14 ACE Plans. It should endeavor to identify practices that successfully reduce  
15 project costs and publicize them to other staff in order to encourage adoption of  
16 those practices and development of new practices. For example, NS Power could  
17 conduct a quarterly or annual competition to recognize innovative cost  
18 minimization practices.

19 If NS Power is not conducting post-project reviews or audits such as the one  
20 conducted by the Halifax auditor general, we recommend this practice be  
21 adopted.

22 **Q: Does this conclude your testimony?**

23 A: Yes.

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<sup>42</sup> Auditor General, Halifax Regional Municipality, *LED Streetlight Conversion Project Audit* (November 2019).

## EXHIBIT RII-1

### PAUL L. CHERNICK

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#### SUMMARY OF PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

- 1986–Present* **President, Resource Insight, Inc.** Consults and testifies in utility and insurance economics. Reviews utility supply-planning processes and outcomes: assesses prudence of prior power planning investment decisions, identifies excess generating capacity, analyzes effects of power-pool-pricing rules on equity and utility incentives. Reviews electric-utility rate design. Estimates magnitude and cost of future load growth. Designs and evaluates conservation programs for electric, natural-gas, and water utilities, including hook-up charges and conservation cost recovery mechanisms. Determines avoided costs due to cogenerators. Evaluates cogeneration rate risk. Negotiates cogeneration contracts. Reviews management and pricing of district heating systems. Determines fair profit margins for automobile and workers' compensation insurance lines, incorporating reward for risk, return on investments, and tax effects. Determines profitability of transportation services. Advises regulatory commissions in least-cost planning, rate design, and cost allocation.
- 1981–86* **Research Associate, Analysis and Inference, Inc.** (Consultant, 1980–81). Researched, advised, and testified in various aspects of utility and insurance regulation. Designed self-insurance pool for nuclear decommissioning; estimated probability and cost of insurable events, and rate levels; assessed alternative rate designs. Projected nuclear power plant construction, operation, and decommissioning costs. Assessed reasonableness of earlier estimates of nuclear power plant construction schedules and costs. Reviewed prudence of utility construction decisions. Consulted on utility rate-design issues, including small-power-producer rates; retail natural-gas rates; public-agency electric rates, and comprehensive electric-rate design for a regional power agency. Developed electricity cost allocations between customer classes. Reviewed district-heating-system efficiency. Proposed power-plant performance standards. Analyzed auto-insurance profit requirements. Designed utility-financed, decentralized conservation program. Analyzed cost-effectiveness of transmission lines.
- 1977–81* **Utility Rate Analyst, Massachusetts Attorney General.** Analyzed utility filings and prepared alternative proposals. Participated in rate negotiations, discovery, cross-examination, and briefing. Provided extensive expert testimony before various regulatory agencies. Topics included demand forecasting, rate design, marginal costs, time-of-use rates, reliability issues, power-pool operations, nuclear-power cost projections, power-plant cost-benefit analysis, energy conservation, and alternative-energy development.

## EDUCATION

SM, Technology and Policy Program, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, February 1978.

SB, Civil Engineering Department, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, June 1974.

## HONORS

Chi Epsilon (Civil Engineering)

Tau Beta Pi (Engineering)

Sigma Xi (Research)

Institute Award, Institute of Public Utilities, 1981.

## PUBLICATIONS

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“Conservation Potential in the State of Minnesota,” (with Ian Goodman) Minnesota Department of Public Service, June 16 1988.

“Review of NEPOOL Performance Incentive Program,” Massachusetts Energy Facilities Siting Council, April 12 1988.

“Application of the DPU’s Used-and-Useful Standard to Pilgrim 1” (With C. Wills and M. Meyer), Massachusetts Executive Office of Energy Resources, October 1987.

“Constructing a Supply Curve for Conservation: An Initial Examination of Issues and Methods,” Massachusetts Energy Facilities Siting Council, June 1985.

“Final Report: Rate Design Analysis,” Pacific Northwest Electric Power and Conservation Planning Council, December 18 1981.

## **PRESENTATIONS**

“Rethinking Utility Rate Design—Retail Demand and Energy Charges,” Solar Power PV Conference, Boston MA, February 24, 2016.

“Residential Demand Charges - Load Effects, Fairness & Rate Design Implications.” Web seminar sponsored by the NixTheFix Forum. September 2015.

“The Value of Demand Reduction Induced Price Effects.” With Chris Neme. Web seminar sponsored by the Regulatory Assistance Project. March 2015.

“Adding Transmission into New York City: Needs, Benefits, and Obstacles.” Presentation to FERC and the New York ISO on behalf of the City of New York. October 2004.

“Plugging Into a Municipal Light Plant.” With Peter Enrich and Ken Barna. Panel presentation as part of the 2004 Annual Meeting of the Massachusetts Municipal Association. January 2004.

“Distributed Utility Planning.” With Steve Litkovitz. Presentation to the Vermont Distributed-Utility-Planning Collaborative. November 1999.

“The Economic and Environmental Benefits of Gas IRP: FERC 636 and Beyond.” Presentation as part of the Ohio Office of Energy Efficiency’s seminar, “Gas Utility Integrated Resource Planning,” April 1994.

“Cost Recovery and Utility Incentives.” Day-long presentation as part of the Demand-Side-Management Training Institute’s workshop, “DSM for Public Interest Groups,” October 1993.

“Cost Allocation for Utility Ratemaking.” With Susan Geller. Day-long workshop for the staff of the Connecticut Department of Public Utility Control, October 1993.

“Comparing and Integrating DSM with Supply.” Day-long presentation as part of the Demand-Side-Management Training Institute’s workshop, “DSM for Public Interest Groups,” October 1993.

“DSM Cost Recovery and Rate Impacts.” Presentation as part of “Effective DSM Collaborative Processes,” a week-long training session for Ohio DSM advocates sponsored by the Ohio Office of Energy Efficiency, August 1993.

“Cost-Effectiveness Analysis.” Presentation as part of “Effective DSM Collaborative Processes,” a week-long training session for Ohio DSM advocates sponsored by the Ohio Office of Energy Efficiency, August 1993.

“Environmental Externalities: Current Approaches and Potential Implications for District Heating and Cooling” (with R. Brailove), International District Heating and Cooling Association 84th Annual Conference. June 1993.

“Using the Costs of Required Controls to Incorporate the Costs of Environmental Externalities in Non-Environmental Decision-Making.” Presentation at the American Planning Association 1992 National Planning Conference; presentation cosponsored by the Edison Electric Institute. May 1992.

“Cost Recovery and Decoupling” and “The Clean Air Act and Externalities in Utility Resource Planning” panels (session leader), DSM Advocacy Workshop. April 15 1992.

“Overview of Integrated Resources Planning Procedures in South Carolina and Critique of South Carolina Demand Side Management Programs,” Energy Planning Workshops; Columbia, S.C. October 21 1991.

“Least Cost Planning and Gas Utilities.” Demand-Side Management and the Global Environment Conference; Washington, D.C. April 22 1991.

Conservation Law Foundation Utility Energy Efficiency Advocacy Workshop; Boston, February 28 1991.

“Least-Cost Planning in a Multi-Fuel Context.” NARUC Forum on Gas Integrated Resource Planning; Washington, D.C., February 24 1991.

“Accounting for Externalities: Why, Which and How?” Understanding Massachusetts’ New Integrated Resource Management Rules. Needham, Massachusetts, November 9 1990.

New England Gas Association Gas Utility Managers’ Conference. Woodstock, Vermont, September 10 1990.

“Quantifying and Valuing Environmental Externalities.” Presentation at the Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory Training Program for Regulatory Staff, sponsored by the U.S. Department of Energy’s Least-Cost Utility Planning Program; Berkeley, California, February 2 1990;

“Conservation in the Future of Natural Gas Local Distribution Companies.” District of Columbia Natural Gas Seminar; Washington, D.C. May 23 1989.

“Conservation and Load Management for Natural Gas Utilities,” Massachusetts Natural Gas Council; Newton, Massachusetts. April 3 1989.

New England Conference of Public Utilities Commissioners, Environmental Externalities Workshop. Portsmouth, New Hampshire, January 22–23 1989.

“Assessment and Valuation of External Environmental Damages.” New England Utility Rate Forum. Plymouth, Massachusetts, October 11 1985; “Lessons from Massachusetts on Long Term Rates for QFs”.

“Reviewing Utility Supply Plans.” Massachusetts Energy Facilities Siting Council; Boston, Massachusetts. May 30 1985.

“Power Plant Performance.” National Association of State Utility Consumer Advocates; Williamstown, Massachusetts. August 13 1984.

“Utility Rate Shock,” National Conference of State Legislatures; Boston, Massachusetts, August 6 1984.

“Review and Modification of Regulatory and Rate Making Policy,” National Governors’ Association Working Group on Nuclear Power Cost Overruns; Washington, D.C., June 20 1984.

“Review and Modification of Regulatory and Rate Making Policy,” Annual Meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, Session on Monitoring for Risk Management; Detroit, Michigan, May 27 1983.

### **ADVISORY ASSIGNMENTS TO REGULATORY COMMISSIONS**

District of Columbia Public Service Commission, Docket No. 834, Phase II; Least-cost planning procedures and goals. August 1987 to March 1988.

Connecticut Department of Public Utility Control, Docket No. 87-07-01, Phase 2; Rate design and cost allocations. March 1988 to June 1989.

Austin City Council, Austin Energy Rates, March to June 2012.

Puerto Rico Energy Commission, Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority, rate design issues, September 2015 to present.

## EXPERT TESTIMONY

1. **Mass. EFSC 78-12/MDPU 19494, Phase I; Boston Edison 1978 forecast; Massachusetts Attorney General. June 1978.**

Appliance penetration projections, price elasticity, econometric commercial forecast, peak demand forecast. Joint testimony with Susan C. Geller.

2. **Mass. EFSC 78-17, Northeast Utilities 1978 forecast; Massachusetts Attorney General. September 1978.**

Specification of economic/demographic and industrial models, appliance efficiency, commercial model structure and estimation.

3. **Mass. EFSC 78-33, Eastern Utilities Associates 1978 forecast; Massachusetts Attorney General. November 1978.**

Household size, appliance efficiency, appliance penetration, price elasticity, commercial forecast, industrial trending, peak demand forecast.

4. **Mass. DPU 19494, Phase II; Boston Edison Company construction program; Massachusetts Attorney General. April 1979.**

Review of numerous aspects of the 1978 demand forecasts of nine New England electric utilities, constituting 92% of projected regional demand growth, and of the NEPOOL demand forecast. Joint testimony with Susan Geller.

5. **Mass. DPU 19494, Phase II; Boston Edison Company construction program; Massachusetts Attorney General. April 1979.**

Reliability, capacity planning, capability responsibility allocation, customer generation, co-generation rates, reserve margins, operating reserve allocation. Joint testimony with S. Finger.

6. **U.S. ASLB NRC 50-471, Pilgrim Unit 2; Commonwealth of Massachusetts. June 1979.**

Review of the Oak Ridge National Laboratory and NEPOOL demand forecast models; cost-effectiveness of oil displacement; nuclear economics. Joint testimony with Susan Geller.

7. **Mass. DPU 19845, Boston Edison time-of-use-rate case; Massachusetts Attorney General. December 1979.**

Critique of utility marginal cost study and proposed rates; principles of marginal cost principles, cost derivation, and rate design; options for reconciling costs and revenues. Joint testimony with Susan Geller.

8. **Mass. DPU 20055, petition of Eastern Utilities Associates, New Bedford G. & E., and Fitchburg G. & E. to purchase additional shares of Seabrook Nuclear Plant; Massachusetts Attorney General. January 1980.**

Review of demand forecasts of three utilities purchasing Seabrook shares; Seabrook power costs, including construction cost, completion date, capacity factor, O&M expenses, interim replacements, reserves and uncertainties; alternative energy sources, including conservation, cogeneration, rate reform, solar, wood and coal conversion.

9. **Mass. DPU 20248**, petition of Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company to purchase additional share of Seabrook Nuclear Plant; Massachusetts Attorney General. June 1980.

Nuclear power costs; update and extension of MDPU 20055 testimony.

10. **Mass. DPU 200**, Massachusetts Electric Company rate case; Massachusetts Attorney General. June 1980.

Rate design; declining blocks, promotional rates, alternative energy, demand charges, demand ratchets; conservation: master metering, storage heating, efficiency standards, restricting resistance heating.

11. **Mass. EFSC 79-33**, Eastern Utilities Associates 1979 forecast; Massachusetts Attorney General. July 1980.

Customer projections, consistency issues, appliance efficiency, new appliance types, commercial specifications, industrial data manipulation and trending, sales and resale.

12. **Mass. DPU 243**, Eastern Edison Company rate case; Massachusetts Attorney General. August 1980.

Rate design: declining blocks, promotional rates, alternative energy, master metering.

13. **Texas PUC 3298**, Gulf States Utilities rates; East Texas Legal Services. August 1980.

Inter-class revenue allocations, including production plant in-service, O&M, CWIP, nuclear fuel in progress, amortization of canceled plant residential rate design; interruptible rates; off-peak rates. Joint testimony with M. B. Meyer.

14. **Mass. EFSC 79-1**, Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company Forecast; Massachusetts Attorney General. November 1980.

Cost comparison methodology; nuclear cost estimates; cost of conservation, cogeneration, and solar.

15. **Mass. DPU 472**, recovery of residential conservation-service expenses; Massachusetts Attorney General. December 1980.

Conservation as an energy source; advantages of per-kWh allocation over per-customer-month allocation.

- 16. Mass. DPU 535**; regulations to carry out Section 210 of PURPA; Massachusetts Attorney General. January 1981 and February 1981.

Filing requirements, certification, qualifying-facility status, extent of coverage, review of contracts; energy rates; capacity rates; extra benefits of qualifying facilities in specific areas; wheeling; standardization of fees and charges.
- 17. Mass. EFSC 80-17**, Northeast Utilities 1980 forecast; Massachusetts Attorney General. March 1981.

Specification process, employment, electric heating promotion and penetration, commercial sales model, industrial model specification, documentation of price forecasts and wholesale forecast.
- 18. Mass. DPU 558**, Western Massachusetts Electric Company rate case; Massachusetts Attorney General. May 1981.

Rate design including declining blocks, marginal cost conservation impacts, and promotional rates. Conservation, including terms and conditions limiting renewable, cogeneration, small power production; scope of current conservation program; efficient insulation levels; additional conservation opportunities.
- 19. Mass. DPU 1048**, Boston Edison plant performance standards; Massachusetts Attorney General. May 1982.

Critique of company approach, data, and statistical analysis; description of comparative and absolute approaches to standard-setting; proposals for standards and reporting requirements.
- 20. DC PSC FC785**, Potomac Electric Power rate case; DC Peoples Counsel. July 1982.

Inter-class revenue allocations, including generation, transmission, and distribution plant classification; fuel and O&M classification; distribution and service allocators. Marginal cost estimation, including losses.
- 21. N.H. PSC DE 81-312**, Public Service of New Hampshire supply and demand; Conservation Law Foundation et al. October 1982.

Conservation program design, ratemaking, and effectiveness. Cost of power from Seabrook nuclear plant, including construction cost and duration, capacity factor, O&M, replacements, insurance, and decommissioning.
- 22. Mass. Division of Insurance**, hearing to fix and establish 1983 automobile insurance rates; Massachusetts Attorney General. October 1982.

Profit margin calculations, including methodology, interest rates, surplus flow, tax flows, tax rates, and risk premium.
- 23. Ill. CC 82-0026**, Commonwealth Edison rate case; Illinois Attorney General. October 1982.

Review of Cost-Benefit Analysis for nuclear plant. Nuclear cost parameters (construction cost, O&M, capital additions, useful life, capacity factor), risks, discount rates, evaluation techniques.

24. **N.M. PSC 1794**, Public Service of New Mexico application for certification; New Mexico Attorney General. May 1983.

Review of Cost-Benefit Analysis for transmission line. Review of electricity price forecast, nuclear capacity factors, load forecast. Critique of company ratemaking proposals; development of alternative ratemaking proposal.

25. **Conn. DPUC 830301**, United Illuminating rate case; Connecticut Consumers Counsel. June 17 1983.

Cost of Seabrook nuclear power plants, including construction cost and duration, capacity factor, O&M, capital additions, insurance and decommissioning.

26. **Mass. DPU 1509**, Boston Edison plant performance standards; Massachusetts Attorney General. July 15 1983.

Critique of company approach and statistical analysis; regression model of nuclear capacity factor; proposals for standards and for standard-setting methodologies.

27. **Mass. Division of Insurance**, hearing to fix and establish 1984 automobile-insurance rates; Massachusetts Attorney General. October 1983.

Profit margin calculations, including methodology, interest rates.

28. **Conn. DPUC 83-07-15**, Connecticut Light and Power rate case; Alloy Foundry. October 3 1983.

Industrial rate design. Marginal and embedded costs; classification of generation, transmission, and distribution expenses; demand versus energy charges.

29. **Mass. EFSC 83-24**, New England Electric System forecast of electric resources and requirements; Massachusetts Attorney General. November 14 1983, Rebuttal, February 2 1984.

Need for transmission line. Status of supply plan, especially Seabrook 2. Review of interconnection requirements. Analysis of cost-effectiveness for power transfer, line losses, generation assumptions.

30. **Mich. PSC U-7775**, Detroit Edison Fuel Cost Recovery Plan; Public Interest Research Group in Michigan. February 21 1984.

Review of proposed performance target for new nuclear power plant. Formulation of alternative proposals.

31. **Mass. DPU 84-25**, Western Massachusetts Electric Company rate case; Massachusetts Attorney General. April 6 1984.



Need for Millstone 3. Cost of completing and operating unit, cost-effectiveness compared to alternatives, and its effect on rates. Equity and incentive problems created by CWIP. Design of Millstone 3 phase-in proposals to protect ratepayers: limitation of base-rate treatment to fuel savings benefit of unit.

- 32. Mass. DPU 84-49 and 84-50, Fitchburg Gas & Electric financing case; Massachusetts Attorney General. April 13 1984.**

Cost of completing and operating Seabrook nuclear units. Probability of completing Seabrook 2. Recommendations regarding FG&E and MDPU actions with respect to Seabrook.

- 33. Mich. PSC U-7785, Consumers Power fuel-cost-recovery plan; Public Interest Research Group in Michigan. April 16 1984.**

Review of proposed performance targets for two existing and two new nuclear power plants. Formulation of alternative policy.

- 34. FERC ER81-749-000 and ER82-325-000, Montaup Electric rate cases; Massachusetts Attorney General. April 27 1984.**

Prudence of Montaup and Boston Edison in decisions regarding Pilgrim 2 construction: Montaup's decision to participate, the Utilities' failure to review their earlier analyses and assumptions, Montaup's failure to question Edison's decisions, and the utilities' delay in canceling the unit.

- 35. Maine PUC 84-113, Seabrook-1 investigation; Maine Public Advocate. September 13 1984.**

Cost of completing and operating Seabrook Unit 1. Probability of completing Seabrook 1. Comparison of Seabrook to alternatives. Rate effects. Recommendations regarding utility and PUC actions with respect to Seabrook.

- 36. Mass. DPU 84-145, Fitchburg Gas and Electric rate case; Massachusetts Attorney General. November 6 1984.**

Prudence of Fitchburg and Public Service of New Hampshire in decision regarding Seabrook 2 construction: FGE's decision to participate, the utilities' failure to review their earlier analyses and assumptions, FGE's failure to question PSNH's decisions, and utilities' delay in halting construction and canceling the unit. Review of literature, cost and schedule estimate histories, cost-benefit analyses, and financial feasibility.

- 37. Penn. PUC R-842651, Pennsylvania Power and Light rate case; Pennsylvania Consumer Advocate. November 1984.**

Need for Susquehanna 2. Cost of operating unit, power output, cost-effectiveness compared to alternatives, and its effect on rates. Design of phase-in and excess capacity proposals to protect ratepayers: limitation of base-rate treatment to fuel savings benefit of unit.

- 38. N.H. PSC 84-200**, Seabrook Unit-1 investigation; New Hampshire Consumer Advocate. November 1984.
- Cost of completing and operating Seabrook Unit 1. Probability of completing Seabrook 1. Comparison of Seabrook to alternatives. Rate and financial effects.
- 39. Mass. Division of Insurance**, hearing to fix and establish 1986 automobile insurance rates; Massachusetts Attorney General. November 1984.
- Profit-margin calculations, including methodology and implementation.
- 40. Mass. DPU 84-152**, Seabrook Unit 1 investigation; Massachusetts Attorney General. December 1984.
- Cost of completing and operating Seabrook. Probability of completing Seabrook 1. Seabrook capacity factors.
- 41. Maine PUC 84-120**; Central Maine Power rate case; Maine PUC Staff. December 1984.
- Prudence of Central Maine Power and Boston Edison in decisions regarding Pilgrim 2 construction: CMP's decision to participate, the utilities' failure to review their earlier analyses and assumptions, CMP's failure to question Edison's decisions, and the utilities' delay in canceling the unit. Prudence of CMP in the planning and investment in Sears Island nuclear and coal plants. Review of literature, cost and schedule estimate histories, cost-benefit analyses, and financial feasibility.
- 42. Maine PUC 84-113**, Seabrook 2 investigation; Maine PUC Staff. December 1984.
- Prudence of Maine utilities and Public Service of New Hampshire in decisions regarding Seabrook 2 construction: decisions to participate and to increase ownership share, the utilities' failure to review their earlier analyses and assumptions, failure to question PSNH's decisions, and the utilities' delay in halting construction and canceling the unit. Review of literature, cost and schedule estimate histories, cost-benefit analyses, and financial feasibility.
- 43. Mass. DPU 1627**, Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company financing case; Massachusetts Executive Office of Energy Resources. January 1985.
- Cost of completing and operating Seabrook nuclear unit 1. Cost of conservation and other alternatives to completing Seabrook. Comparison of Seabrook to alternatives.
- 44. Vt. PSB 4936**, Millstone 3 costs and in-service date; Vermont Department of Public Service. January 1985.
- Construction schedule and cost of completing Millstone Unit 3.
- 45. Mass. DPU 84-276**, rules governing rates for utility purchases of power from qualifying facilities; Massachusetts Attorney General. March 1985 and October 1985.

Institutional and technological advantages of Qualifying Facilities. Potential for QF development. Goals of QF rate design. Parity with other power sources. Security requirements. Projecting avoided costs. Capacity credits. Pricing options. Line loss corrections.

46. **Mass. DPU 85-121**, investigation of the Reading Municipal Light Department; Wilmington (Mass.) Chamber of Commerce. November 1985.

Calculation on return on investment for municipal utility. Treatment of depreciation and debt for ratemaking. Geographical discrimination in street-lighting rates. Relative size of voluntary payments to Reading and other towns. Surplus and disinvestment. Revenue allocation.

47. **Mass. Division of Insurance**, hearing to fix and establish 1986 automobile insurance rates; Massachusetts Attorney General and State Rating Bureau. November 1985.

Profit margin calculations, including methodology, implementation, modeling of investment balances, income, and return to shareholders.

48. **N.M. PSC 1833, Phase II**; El Paso Electric rate case; New Mexico Attorney General. December 1985.

Nuclear decommissioning fund design. Internal and external funds; risk and return; fund accumulation, recommendations. Interim performance standard for Palo Verde nuclear plant.

49. **Penn. PUC R-850152**, Philadelphia Electric rate case; Utility Users Committee and University of Pennsylvania. January 1986.

Limerick-1 rate effects. Capacity benefits, fuel savings, operating costs, capacity factors, and net benefits to ratepayers. Design of phase-in proposals.

50. **Mass. DPU 85-270**; Western Massachusetts Electric rate case; Massachusetts Attorney General. March 1986.

Prudence of Northeast Utilities in generation planning related to Millstone 3 construction: decisions to start and continue construction, failure to reduce ownership share, failure to pursue alternatives. Review of industry literature, cost and schedule histories, and retrospective cost-benefit analyses.

51. **Penn. PUC R-850290**, Philadelphia Electric auxiliary service rates; Albert Einstein Medical Center, University of Pennsylvania, and Amtrak. March 1986.

Review of utility proposals for supplementary and backup rates for small power producers and cogenerators. Load diversity, cost of peaking capacity, value of generation, price signals, and incentives. Formulation of alternative supplementary rate.

52. **N.M. PSC 2004**, Public Service of New Mexico Palo Verde issues; New Mexico Attorney General. May 1986.

Recommendations for power-plant performance standards for Palo Verde nuclear units 1, 2, and 3.

53. **Ill. CC 86-0325**, Iowa-Illinois Gas and Electric Co. rate investigation; Illinois Office of Public Counsel. August 1986.

Determination of excess capacity based on reliability and economic concerns. Identification of specific units associated with excess capacity. Required reserve margins.

54. **N.M. PSC 2009**, El Paso Electric rate moderation program; New Mexico Attorney General. August 1986.

Prudence of EPE in generation planning related to Palo Verde nuclear construction, including failure to reduce ownership share and failure to pursue alternatives. Review of industry literature, cost and schedule histories, and retrospective cost-benefit analyses.

Recommendation for rate-base treatment; proposal of power plant performance standards.

55. **City of Boston Public Improvements Commission**, transfer of Boston Edison district heating steam system to Boston Thermal Corporation; Boston Housing Authority. December 1986.

History and economics of steam system; possible motives of Boston Edison in seeking sale; problems facing Boston Thermal; information and assurances required prior to Commission approval of transfer.

56. **Mass. Division of Insurance**, hearing to fix and establish 1987 automobile insurance rates; Massachusetts Attorney General and State Rating Bureau. December 1986 and January 1987.

Profit margin calculations, including methodology, implementation, derivation of cash flows, installment income, income tax status, and return to shareholders.

57. **Mass. DPU 87-19**, petition for adjudication of development facilitation program; Hull (Mass.) Municipal Light Plant. January 1987.

Estimation of potential load growth; cost of generation, transmission, and distribution additions. Determination of hook-up charges. Development of residential load estimation procedure reflecting appliance ownership, dwelling size.

58. **N.M. PSC 2004**, Public Service of New Mexico nuclear decommissioning fund; New Mexico Attorney General. February 1987.

Decommissioning cost and likely operating life of nuclear plants. Review of utility funding proposal. Development of alternative proposal. Ratemaking treatment.

- 59. Mass. DPU 86-280**, Western Massachusetts Electric rate case; Massachusetts Energy Office. March 1987.

Marginal cost rate design issues. Superiority of long-run marginal cost over short-run marginal cost as basis for rate design. Relationship of Consumer reaction, utility planning process, and regulatory structure to rate design approach. Implementation of short-run and long-run rate designs. Demand versus energy charges, economic development rates, spot pricing.

- 60. Mass. Division of Insurance 87-9**, 1987 Workers' Compensation rate filing; State Rating Bureau. May 1987.

Profit-margin calculations, including methodology, implementation, surplus requirements, investment income, and effects of 1986 Tax Reform Act.

- 61. Texas PUC 6184**, economic viability of South Texas Nuclear Plant #2; Committee for Consumer Rate Relief. August 1987.

Nuclear plant operating parameter projections; capacity factor, O&M, capital additions, decommissioning, useful life. STNP-2 cost and schedule projections. Potential for conservation.

- 62. Minn. PUC ER-015/GR-87-223**, Minnesota Power rate case; Minnesota Department of Public Service. August 1987.

Excess capacity on MP system; historical, current, and projected. Review of MP planning prudence prior to and during excess; efforts to sell capacity. Cost of excess capacity. Recommendations for ratemaking treatment.

- 63. Mass. Division of Insurance 87-27**, 1988 automobile insurance rates; Massachusetts Attorney General and State Rating Bureau. September 2 1987. Rebuttal October 1987.

Underwriting profit margins. Effect of 1986 Tax Reform Act. Biases in calculation of average margins.

- 64. Mass. DPU 88-19**, power Sales Contract from Riverside Steam and Electric to Western Massachusetts Electric; Riverside Steam and Electric. November 1987.

Comparison of risk from QF contract and utility avoided-cost sources. Risk of oil dependence. Discounting cash flows to reflect risk.

- 65. Mass. Division of Insurance 87-53**, 1987 Workers' Compensation rate refiling; State Rating Bureau. December 1987.

Profit-margin calculations including updating of data, compliance with Commissioner's order, treatment of surplus and risk, interest rate calculation, and investment tax rate calculation.

- 66. Mass. Division of Insurance**, 1987 and 1988 automobile insurance remand rates; Massachusetts Attorney General and State Rating Bureau. February 1988.

Underwriting profit margins. Provisions for income taxes on finance charges. Relationships between allowed and achieved margins, between statewide and nationwide data, and between profit allowances and cost projections.

- 67. Mass. DPU 86-36**, investigation into the pricing and ratemaking treatment to be afforded new electric generating facilities which are not qualifying facilities; Conservation Law Foundation. May 1988.

Cost recovery for utility conservation programs. Compensating for lost revenues. Utility incentive structures.

- 68. Mass. DPU 88-123**, petition of Riverside Steam & Electric; Riverside Steam and Electric Company. May 1988 and November 1988.

Estimation of avoided costs of Western Massachusetts Electric Company. Nuclear capacity factor projections and effects on avoided costs. Avoided cost of energy interchange and power plant life extensions. Differences between median and expected oil prices. Salvage value of cogeneration facility. Off-system energy purchase projections. Reconciliation of avoided cost projection.

- 69. Mass. DPU 88-67**, Boston Gas Company; Boston Housing Authority. June 1988.

Estimation of annual avoidable costs, 1988 to 2005, and levelized avoided costs. Determination of cost recovery and carrying costs for conservation investments. Standards for assessing conservation cost-effectiveness. Evaluation of cost-effectiveness of utility funding of proposed natural gas conservation measures.

- 70. R.I. PUC 1900**, Providence Water Supply Board tariff filing; Conservation Law Foundation, Audubon Society of Rhode Island, and League of Women Voters of Rhode Island. June 1988.

Estimation of avoidable water supply costs. Determination of costs of water conservation. Conservation cost-benefit analysis.

- 71. Mass. Division of Insurance 88-22**, 1989 automobile insurance rates; Massachusetts Attorney General and State Rating Bureau; Profit Issues, August 1988, supplemented August 1988; Losses and Expenses, September 1988.

Underwriting profit margins. Effects of 1986 Tax Reform Act. Taxation of common stocks. Lag in tax payments. Modeling risk and return over time. Treatment of finance charges. Comparison of projected and achieved investment returns.

72. **Vt. PSB 5270** Module 6, investigation into least-cost investments, energy efficiency, conservation, and the management of demand for energy; Conservation Law Foundation, Vermont Natural Resources Council, and Vermont Public Interest Research Group. September 1988.

Cost recovery for utility conservation programs. Compensation of utilities for revenue losses and timing differences. Incentive for utility participation.

73. **Vt. House of Representatives, Natural Resources Committee**, House Act 130; “Economic Analysis of Vermont Yankee Retirement”; Vermont Public Interest Research Group. February 1989.

Projection of capacity factors, operating and maintenance expense, capital additions, overhead, replacement power costs, and net costs of Vermont Yankee.

74. **Mass. DPU 88-67** Phase II, Boston Gas company conservation program and rate design; Boston Gas Company. March 1989.

Estimation of avoided gas cost; treatment of non-price factors; estimation of externalities; identification of cost-effective conservation.

75. **Vt. PSB 5270**, status conference on conservation and load management policy settlement; Central Vermont Public Service, Conservation Law Foundation, Vermont Natural Resources Council, Vermont Public Interest Research Group, and Vermont Department of Public Service. May 1989.

Cost-benefit test for utility conservation programs. Role of externalities. Cost recovery concepts and mechanisms. Resource allocations, cost allocations, and equity considerations. Guidelines for conservation preapproval mechanisms. Incentive mechanisms and recovery of lost revenues.

76. **Boston Housing Authority Court 05099**, Gallivan Boulevard Task Force vs. Boston Housing Authority, et al.; Boston Housing Authority. June 1989.

Effect of master-metering on consumption of natural gas and electricity. Legislative and regulatory mandates regarding conservation.

77. **Mass. DPU 89-100**, Boston Edison rates; Massachusetts Energy Office. June 1989.

Prudence of decision to spend \$400 million from 1986–88 to return Pilgrim nuclear plant to service. Projections of nuclear capacity factors, O&M, capital additions, and overhead. Review of decommissioning cost, tax effect of abandonment, replacement power cost, and plant useful life estimates. Requirements for prudence and used-and-useful analyses.

- 78. Mass. DPU 88-123**, petition of Riverside Steam and Electric Company; Riverside Steam and Electric. July 1989. Rebuttal, October 1989.

Reasonableness of Northeast Utilities' 1987 avoided cost estimates. Projections of nuclear capacity factors, economy purchases, and power plant operating life. Treatment of avoidable energy and capacity costs and of off-system sales. Expected versus reference fuel prices.

- 79. Mass. DPU 89-72**, Statewide Towing Association police-ordered towing rates; Massachusetts Automobile Rating Bureau. September 1989.

Review of study supporting proposed increase in towing rates. Critique of study sample and methodology. Comparison to competitive rates. Supply of towing services. Effects of joint products and joint sales on profitability of police-ordered towing. Joint testimony with I. Goodman.

- 80. Vt. PSB 5330**, application of Vermont utilities for approval of a firm power and energy contract with Hydro-Quebec; Conservation Law Foundation, Vermont Natural Resources Council, Vermont Public Interest Research Group. December 1989. Surrebuttal February 1990.

Analysis of a proposed 20-year power purchase. Comparison to efficiency investment. Critique of conservation potential analysis. Analysis of Vermont electric energy supply. Planning risk of large supply additions. Valuation of environmental externalities. Identification of possible improvements to proposed contract.

- 81. Mass. DPU 89-239**, inclusion of externalities in energy-supply planning, acquisition, and dispatch for Massachusetts utilities. Boston Gas Company. December 1989; April 1990; May 1990.

Critique of Division of Energy Resources report on externalities. Methodology for evaluating external costs. Proposed values for environmental and economic externalities of fuel supply and use.

- 82. California PUC**, incorporation of environmental externalities in utility planning and pricing; Coalition of Energy Efficient and Renewable Technologies. February 1990.

Approaches for valuing externalities for inclusion in setting power purchase rates. Effect of uncertainty on assessing externality values.

- 83. Ill. CC 90-0038**, proceeding to adopt a least-cost electric-energy plan for Commonwealth Edison Company; City of Chicago. May 25 1990. Joint rebuttal testimony with David Birr, August 1990.

Problems in Commonwealth Edison's approach to demand-side management. Potential for cost-effective conservation. Valuing externalities in least-cost planning.



- 84. Md. PSC 8278**, adequacy of Baltimore Gas & Electric's integrated resource plan; Maryland Office of People's Counsel. September 1990.

Rationale for demand-side management. BG&E's problems in approach to DSM planning. Potential for cost-effective conservation. Valuation of environmental externalities. Recommendations for short-term DSM program priorities.

- 85. Ind. URC**, integrated-resource-planning docket; Indiana Office of Utility Consumer Counselor. November 1990.

Integrated resource planning process and methodology, including externalities and screening tools. Incentives, screening, and evaluation of demand-side management. Potential of resource bidding in Indiana.

- 86. Mass. DPU 89-141, 90-73, 90-141, 90-194, 90-270**; preliminary review of utility treatment of environmental externalities in October qualifying-facilities filings; Boston Gas Company. November 1990.

Generic and specific problems in Massachusetts utilities' RFPs with regard to externality valuation requirements. Recommendations for corrections.

- 87. Mass. EFSC 90-12/90-12A**, adequacy of Boston Edison proposal to build combined-cycle plant; Conservation Law Foundation. December 1990.

Problems in Boston Edison's treatment of demand-side management, supply option analysis, and resource planning. Recommendations of mitigation options.

- 88. Maine PUC 90-286**, adequacy of conservation program of Bangor Hydro Electric; Penobscot River Coalition. February 1991.

Role of utility-sponsored DSM in least-cost planning. Bangor Hydro's potential for cost-effective conservation. Problems with Bangor Hydro's assumptions about customer investment in energy efficiency measures.

- 89. Va. SCC PUE900070**, commission investigation; Southern Environmental Law Center. March 1991.

Role of utilities in promoting energy efficiency. Least-cost planning objectives of and resource acquisition guidelines for DSM. Ratemaking considerations for DSM investments.

- 90. Mass. DPU 90-261-A**, economics and role of fuel-switching in the DSM program of the Massachusetts Electric Company; Boston Gas Company. April 1991.

Role of fuel-switching in utility DSM programs and specifically in Massachusetts Electric's. Establishing comparable avoided costs and comparison of electric and gas system costs. Updated externality values.

- 91. Private arbitration**, Massachusetts Refusetech Contractual Request for Adjustment to Service Fee; Massachusetts Refusetech. May 1991.

NEPCo rates for power purchases from the New England Solid Waste Compact plant. Fuel price and avoided cost projections vs. realities.

- 92. Vt. PSB 5491**, cost-effectiveness of Central Vermont's commitment to Hydro Quebec purchases; Conservation Law Foundation. July 1991.

Changes in load forecasts and resale markets since approval of HQ purchases. Effect of HQ purchase on DSM.

- 93. S.C. PSC 91-216-E**, cost recovery of Duke Power's DSM expenditures; South Carolina Department of Consumer Affairs. Direct, September 13 1991; Surrebuttal October 1991.

Problems with conservation plans of Duke Power, including load building, cream skimming, and inappropriate rate designs.

- 94. Md. PSC 8241 Phase II**, review of Baltimore Gas & Electric's avoided costs; Maryland Office of People's Counsel. September 1991.

Development of direct avoided costs for DSM. Problems with BG&E's avoided costs and DSM screening. Incorporation of environmental externalities.

- 95. Bucksport (Maine) Planning Board**, AES/Harriman Cove shoreland zoning application; Conservation Law Foundation and Natural Resources Council of Maine. October 1991.

New England's power surplus. Costs of bringing AES/Harriman Cove on line to back out existing generation. Alternatives.

- 96. Mass. DPU 91-131**, update of externalities values adopted in Docket 89-239; Boston Gas Company. October 1991. Rebuttal, December 1991.

Updates on pollutant externality values. Addition of values for chlorofluorocarbons, air toxics, thermal pollution, and oil import premium. Review of state regulatory actions regarding externalities.

- 97. Fla. PSC 910759**, petition of Florida Power Corporation for determination of need for proposed electrical power plant and related facilities; Floridians for Responsible Utility Growth. October 1991.

Florida Power's obligation to pursue integrated resource planning and failure to establish need for proposed facility. Methods to increase scope and scale of demand-side investment.

- 98. Fla. PSC 910833-EI**, petition of Tampa Electric Company for a determination of need for proposed electrical power plant and related facilities; Floridians for Responsible Utility Growth. October 1991.

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- 99. Penn. PUC I-900005, R-901880**; investigation into demand-side management by electric utilities; Pennsylvania Energy Office. January 1992.

Appropriate cost recovery mechanism for Pennsylvania utilities. Purpose and scope of direct cost recovery, lost revenue recovery, and incentives.

- 100. S.C. PSC 91-606-E**, petition of South Carolina Electric and Gas for a certificate of public convenience and necessity for a coal-fired plant; South Carolina Department of Consumer Affairs. January 1992.

Justification of plant certification under integrated resource planning. Failures in SCE&G's DSM planning and company potential for demand-side savings.

- 101. Mass. DPU 92-92**, adequacy of Boston Edison's street-lighting options; Town of Lexington. June 1992.

Efficiency and quality of street-lighting options. Boston Edison's treatment of high-quality street lighting. Corrected rate proposal for the Daylux lamp. Ownership of public street lighting.

- 102. S.C. PSC 92-208-E**, integrated-resource plan of Duke Power Company; South Carolina Department of Consumer Affairs. August 1992.

Problems with Duke Power's DSM screening process, estimation of avoided cost, DSM program design, and integration of demand-side and supply-side planning.

- 103. N.C. UC E-100 Sub 64**, integrated-resource-planning docket; Southern Environmental Law Center. September 1992.

General principles of integrated resource planning, DSM screening, and program design. Review of the IRPs of Duke Power Company, Carolina Power & Light Company, and North Carolina Power.

- 104. Ont. EAB Ontario Hydro Demand/Supply Plan Hearings, *Environmental Externalities Valuation and Ontario Hydro's Resource Planning* (3 vols.)**; Coalition of Environmental Groups. October 1992.

Valuation of environmental externalities from fossil fuel combustion and the nuclear fuel cycle. Application to Ontario Hydro's supply and demand planning.

- 105. Texas PUC 110000**, application of Houston Lighting and Power company for a certificate of convenience and necessity for the DuPont Project; Destec Energy, Inc. September 1992.
- Valuation of environmental externalities from fossil fuel combustion and the application to the evaluation of proposed cogeneration facility.
- 106. Maine BEP**, in the matter of the Basin Mills Hydroelectric Project application; Conservation Intervenors. November 1992.
- Economic and environmental effects of generation by proposed hydro-electric project.
- 107. Md. PSC 8473**, review of the power sales agreement of Baltimore Gas and Electric with AES Northside; Maryland Office of People's Counsel. November 1992.
- Non-price scoring and unquantified benefits; DSM potential as alternative; environmental costs; cost and benefit estimates.
- 108. N.C. UC E-100 Sub 64**, analysis and investigation of least cost integrated resource planning in North Carolina; Southern Environmental Law Center. November 1992.
- Demand-side management cost recovery and incentive mechanisms.
- 109. S.C. PSC 92-209-E**, in re Carolina Power & Light Company; South Carolina Department of Consumer Affairs. November 1992.
- Demand-side-management planning: objectives, process, cost-effectiveness test, comprehensiveness, lost opportunities. Deficiencies in CP&L's portfolio. Need for economic evaluation of load building.
- 110 Fla. DER** hearings on the Power Plant Siting Act; Legal Environmental Assistance Foundation. December 1992.
- Externality valuation and application in power-plant siting. DSM potential, cost-benefit test, and program designs.
- 111. Md. PSC 8487**, Baltimore Gas and Electric Company electric rate case. Direct January 1993; rebuttal February 1993.
- Class allocation of production plant and O&M; transmission, distribution, and general plant; administrative and general expenses. Marginal cost and rate design.
- 112. Md. PSC 8179**, Approval of amendment to Potomac Edison purchase agreement with AES Warrior Run; Maryland Office of People's Counsel. January 29 1993.
- Economic analysis of proposed coal-fired cogeneration facility.

- 113. Mich. PSC U-10102**, Detroit Edison rate case; Michigan United Conservation Clubs. February 17 1993.
- Least-cost planning; energy efficiency planning, potential, screening, avoided costs, cost recovery, and shareholder incentives.
- 114. Ohio PUC 91-635-EL-FOR, 92-312-EL-FOR, 92-1172-EL-ECP**; Cincinnati Gas and Electric demand-management programs; City of Cincinnati. April 1993.
- Demand-side-management planning, program designs, potential savings, and avoided costs.
- 115. Mich. PSC U-10335**, Consumers Power rate case; Michigan United Conservation Clubs. October 1993.
- Least-cost planning; energy efficiency planning, potential, screening, avoided costs, cost recovery, and shareholder incentives.
- 116. Ill. CC 92-0268**, electric-energy plan for Commonwealth Edison; City of Chicago. Direct, February 1 1994; rebuttal, September 1994.
- Cost-effectiveness screening of demand-side management programs and measures; estimates by Commonwealth Edison of costs avoided by DSM and of future cost, capacity, and performance of supply resources.
- 117. FERC 2422 et al.**, application of James River–New Hampshire Electric, Public Service of New Hampshire, for licensing of hydro power; Conservation Law Foundation; 1993.
- Cost-effective energy conservation available to the Public Service of New Hampshire; power-supply options; affidavit.
- 118. Vt. PSB 5270-CV-1,-3, and 5686**; Central Vermont Public Service fuel-switching and DSM program design, on behalf of the Vermont Department of Public Service. Direct, April 1994; rebuttal, June 1994.
- Avoided costs and screening of controlled water-heating measures; risk, rate impacts, participant costs, externalities, space- and water-heating load, benefit-cost tests.
- 119. Fla. PSC 930548-EG–930551-EG**, conservation goals for Florida electric utilities; Legal Environmental Assistance Foundation, Inc. April 1994.
- Integrated resource planning, avoided costs, rate impacts, analysis of conservation goals of Florida electric utilities.
- 120. Vt. PSB 5724**, Central Vermont Public Service Corporation rate request; Vermont Department of Public Service. Joint surrebuttal testimony with John Plunkett. August 1994.
- Costs avoided by DSM programs; Costs and benefits of deferring DSM programs.

- 121. Mass. DPU 94-49**, Boston Edison integrated-resource-management plan; Massachusetts Attorney General. August 1994.
- Least-cost planning, modeling, and treatment of risk.
- 122. Mich. PSC U-10554**, Consumers Power Company DSM program and incentive; Michigan Conservation Clubs. November 1994.
- Critique of proposed reductions in DSM programs; discussion of appropriate measurements of cost-effectiveness, role of DSM in competitive power markets.
- 123. Mich. PSC U-10702**, Detroit Edison Company cost recovery, on behalf of the Residential Ratepayers Consortium. December 1994.
- Impact of proposed changes to DSM plan on energy costs and power-supply-cost-recovery charges. Critique of proposed DSM changes; discussion of appropriate measurements of cost-effectiveness, role of DSM in competitive power markets.
- 124. N.J. BRC EM92030359**, environmental costs of proposed cogeneration; Freehold Cogeneration Associates. November 1994.
- Comparison of potential externalities from the Freehold cogeneration project with that from three coal technologies; support for the study “The Externalities of Four Power Plants.”
- 125. Mich. PSC U-10671**, Detroit Edison Company DSM programs; Michigan United Conservation Clubs. January 1995.
- Critique of proposal to scale back DSM efforts in light of potential for competition. Loss of savings, increase of customer costs, and decrease of competitiveness. Discussion of appropriate measurements of cost-effectiveness, role of DSM in competitive power markets.
- 126. Mich. PSC U-10710**, power-supply-cost-recovery plan of Consumers Power Company; Residential Ratepayers Consortium. January 1995.
- Impact of proposed changes to DSM plan on energy costs and power-supply-cost-recovery charges. Critique of proposed DSM changes; discussion of appropriate measurements of cost-effectiveness, role of DSM in competitive power markets.
- 127. FERC 2458 and 2572**, Bowater–Great Northern Paper hydropower licensing; Conservation Law Foundation. February 1995.
- Comments on draft environmental impact statement relating to new licenses for two hydropower projects in Maine. Applicant has not adequately considered how energy conservation can replace energy lost due to habitat-protection or -enhancement measures.

- 128. N.C. UC E-100 Sub 74, Duke Power and Carolina Power & Light avoided costs; Hydro-Electric–Power Producer’s Group. February 1995.**  
Critique and proposed revision of avoided costs offered to small hydro-power producers by Duke Power and Carolina Power and Light.
- 129. New Orleans City Council UD-92-2A and -2B, least-cost IRP for New Orleans Public Service and Louisiana Power & Light; Alliance for Affordable Energy. Direct, February 1995; rebuttal, April 1995.**  
Critique of proposal to scale back DSM efforts in light of potential competition.
- 130. D.C. PSC FC917 II, prudence of DSM expenditures of Potomac Electric Power Company; Potomac Electric Power Company. Rebuttal testimony, February 1995.**  
Prudence of utility DSM investment; prudence standards for DSM programs of the Potomac Electric Power Company.
- 131. Ont. Energy Board EBRO 490, DSM cost recovery and lost-revenue–adjustment mechanism for Consumers Gas Company; Green Energy Coalition. April 1995.**  
Demand-side-management cost recovery. Lost-revenue–adjustment mechanism for Consumers Gas Company.
- 132. New Orleans City Council CD-85-1, New Orleans Public Service rate increase; Alliance for Affordable Energy. Rebuttal, May 1995.**  
Allocation of costs and benefits to rate classes.
- 133. Mass. DPU Docket DPU-95-40, Mass. Electric cost-allocation; Massachusetts Attorney General. June 1995.**  
Allocation of costs to rate classes. Critique of cost-of-service study. Implications for industry restructuring.
- 134. Md. PSC 8697, Baltimore Gas & Electric gas rate increase; Maryland Office of People’s Counsel. July 1995.**  
Rate design, cost-of-service study, and revenue allocation.
- 135. N.C. UC E-2 Sub 669. December 1995.**  
Need for new capacity. Energy-conservation potential and model programs.
- 136. Arizona CC U-1933-95-317, Tucson Electric Power rate increase; Residential Utility Consumer Office. January 1996.**  
Review of proposed rate settlement. Used-and-usefulness of plant. Rate design. DSM potential.

- 137. Ohio PUC 95-203-EL-FOR; Campaign for an Energy-Efficient Ohio. February 1996**

Long-term forecast of Cincinnati Gas and Electric Company, especially its DSM portfolio. Opportunities for further cost-effective DSM savings. Tests of cost effectiveness. Role of DSM in light of industry restructuring; alternatives to traditional utility DSM.

- 138 Vt. PSB 5835, Central Vermont Public Service Company rates; Vermont Department of Public Service. February 1996.**

Design of load-management rates of Central Vermont Public Service Company.

- 139. Md. PSC 8720, Washington Gas Light DSM; Maryland Office of People's Counsel. May 1996.**

Avoided costs of Washington Gas Light Company; integrated least-cost planning.

- 140. Mass. DPU 96-100, Massachusetts Utilities' Stranded Costs; Massachusetts Attorney General. Oral testimony in support of "estimation of Market Value, Stranded Investment, and Restructuring Gains for Major Massachusetts Utilities," July 1996.**

Stranded costs. Calculation of loss or gain. Valuation of utility assets.

- 141. Mass. DPU 96-70, Essex County Gas Company rates; Massachusetts Attorney General. July 1996.**

Market-based allocation of gas-supply costs of Essex County Gas Company.

- 142. Mass. DPU 96-60, Fall River Gas Company rates; Massachusetts Attorney General. Direct, July 1996; surrebuttal, August 1996.**

Market-based allocation of gas-supply costs of Fall River Gas Company.

- 143. Md. PSC 8725, Maryland electric-utilities merger; Maryland Office of People's Counsel. July 1996.**

Proposed merger of Baltimore Gas & Electric Company, Potomac Electric Power Company, and Constellation Energy. Cost allocation of merger benefits and rate reductions.

- 144. N.H. PUC DR 96-150, Public Service Company of New Hampshire stranded costs; New Hampshire Office of Consumer Advocate. December 1996.**

Market price of capacity and energy; value of generation plant; restructuring gain and stranded investment; legal status of PSNH acquisition premium; interim stranded-cost charges.



- 145. Ont. Energy Board EBRO 495**, LRAM and shared-savings incentive for DSM performance of Consumers Gas; Green Energy Coalition. March 1997.
- LRAM and incentive mechanisms in rates for the Consumers Gas Company.
- 146. New York PSC 96-E-0897**, Consolidated Edison restructuring plan; City of New York. April 1997.
- Electric-utility competition and restructuring; critique of proposed settlement of Consolidated Edison Company; stranded costs; market power; rates; market access.
- 147. Vt. PSB 5980**, proposed statewide energy plan; Vermont Department of Public Service. Direct, August 1997; rebuttal, December 1997.
- Justification for and estimation of statewide avoided costs; guidelines for distributed IRP.
- 148. Mass. DPU 96-23**, Boston Edison restructuring settlement; Utility Workers Union of America. September 1997.
- Performance incentives proposed for the Boston Edison company.
- 149. Vt. PSB 5983**, Green Mountain Power rate increase; Vermont Department of Public Service. Direct, October 1997; rebuttal, December 1997.
- In three separate pieces of prefiled testimony, addressed the Green Mountain Power Corporation's (1) distributed-utility-planning efforts, (2) avoided costs, and (3) prudence of decisions relating to a power purchase from Hydro-Quebec.
- 150. Mass. DPU 97-63**, Boston Edison proposed reorganization; Utility Workers Union of America. October 1997.
- Increased costs and risks to ratepayers and shareholders from proposed reorganization; risks of diversification; diversion of capital from regulated to unregulated affiliates; reduction in Commission authority.
- 151. Mass. DTE 97-111**, Commonwealth Energy proposed restructuring; Cape Cod Light Compact. Joint testimony with Jonathan Wallach, January 1998.
- Critique of proposed restructuring plan filed to satisfy requirements of the electric-utility restructuring act of 1997. Failure of the plan to foster competition and promote the public interest.
- 152. N.H. PUC Docket DR 97-241**, Connecticut Valley Electric fuel and purchased-power adjustments; City of Claremont, N.H. February 1998.
- Prudence of continued power purchase from affiliate; market cost of power; prudence disallowances and cost-of-service ratemaking.
- 153. Md. PSC 8774**, APS-DQE merger; Maryland Office of People's Counsel. February 1998.

- Proposed power-supply arrangements between APS's potential operating subsidiaries; power-supply savings; market power.
- 154. Vt. PSB 6018**, Central Vermont Public Service Co. rate increase; Vermont Department of Public Service. February 1998.
- Prudence of decisions relating to a power purchase from Hydro-Quebec. Reasonableness of avoided-cost estimates. Quality of DU planning.
- 155. Maine PUC 97-580**, Central Maine Power restructuring and rates; Maine Office of Public Advocate. May 1998; Surrebuttal, August 1998.
- Determination of stranded costs; gains from sales of fossil, hydro, and biomass plant; treatment of deferred taxes; incentives for stranded-cost mitigation; rate design.
- 156. Mass. DTE 98-89**, purchase of Boston Edison municipal street lighting; Towns of Lexington and Acton. Affidavit, August 1998.
- Valuation of municipal streetlighting; depreciation; applicability of unbundled rate.
- 157. Vt. PSB 6107**, Green Mountain Power rate increase; Vermont Department of Public Service. Direct, September 1998; Surrebuttal drafted but not filed, November 2000.
- Prudence of decisions relating to a power purchase from Hydro-Quebec. Least-cost planning and prudence. Quality of DU planning.
- 158. Mass. DTE 97-120**, Western Massachusetts Electric Company proposed restructuring; Massachusetts Attorney General. Joint testimony with Jonathan Wallach, October 1998. Joint surrebuttal with Jonathan Wallach, January 1999.
- Market value of the three Millstone nuclear units under varying assumptions of plant performance and market prices. Independent forecast of wholesale market prices. Value of Pilgrim and TMI-1 asset sales.
- 159. Md. PSC 8794 and 8804**, BG&E restructuring and rates; Maryland Office of People's Counsel. Direct, December 1998; rebuttal, March 1999.
- Implementation of restructuring. Valuation of generation assets from comparable-sales and cash-flow analyses. Determination of stranded cost or gain.
- 160. Md. PSC 8795**; Delmarva Power & Light restructuring and rates; Maryland Office of People's Counsel. December 1998.
- Implementation of restructuring. Valuation of generation assets and purchases from comparable-sales and cash-flow analyses. Determination of stranded cost or gain.
- 161. Md. PSC 8797**, Potomac Edison Company restructuring and rates; Maryland Office of People's Counsel. Direct, January 1999; rebuttal, March 1999.
- Implementation of restructuring. Valuation of generation assets and purchases from comparable-sales and cash-flow analyses. Determination of stranded cost or gain.

- 162. Conn. DPUC 99-02-05**, Connecticut Light and Power Company stranded costs; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. April 1999.
- Projections of market price. Valuation of purchase agreements and nuclear and non-nuclear assets from comparable-sales and cash-flow analyses.
- 163. Conn. DPUC 99-03-04**, United Illuminating Company stranded costs; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. April 1999.
- Projections of market price. Valuation of purchase agreements and nuclear assets from comparable-sales and cash-flow analyses.
- 164. Wash. UTC UE-981627**, PacifiCorp–Scottish Power merger, Office of the Attorney General. June 1999.
- Review of proposed performance standards and valuation of performance. Review of proposed low-income assistance.
- 165. Utah PSC 98-2035-04**, PacifiCorp–Scottish Power merger, Utah Committee of Consumer Services. June 1999.
- Review of proposed performance standards and valuation of performance.
- 166. Conn. DPUC 99-03-35**, United Illuminating Company proposed standard offer; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. July 1999.
- Design of standard offer by rate class. Design of price adjustments to preserve rate decrease. Market valuations of nuclear plants. Short-term stranded cost
- 167. Conn. DPUC 99-03-36**, Connecticut Light and Power Company proposed standard offer; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. Direct, July 1999; supplemental, July 1999.
- Design of standard offer by rate class. Design of price adjustments to preserve rate decrease. Market valuations of nuclear plants. Short-term stranded cost.
- 168. W. Va. PSC 98-0452-E-GI**, electric-industry restructuring, West Virginia Consumer Advocate. July 1999.
- Market value of generating assets of, and restructuring gain for, Potomac Edison, Monongahela Power, and Appalachian Power. Comparable-sales and cash-flow analyses.
- 169. Ont. Energy Board RP-1999-0034**, Ontario performance-based rates; Green Energy Coalition. September 1999.
- Rate design. Recovery of demand-side-management costs under PBR. Incremental costs.

- 170. Conn. DPUC 99-08-01**, standards for utility restructuring; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. Direct, November 1999; supplemental, January 2000.

Appropriate role of regulation. T&D reliability and service quality. Performance standards and customer guarantees. Assessing generation adequacy in a competitive market.

- 171. Conn. Superior Court CV 99-049-7239**, Connecticut Light and Power Company stranded costs; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. Affidavit, December 1999.

Errors of the Conn. DPUC in deriving discounted-cash-flow valuations for Millstone and Seabrook, and in setting minimum bid price.

- 172. Conn. Superior Court CV 99-049-7597**, United Illuminating Company stranded costs; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. December 1999.

Errors of the Conn. DPUC, in its discounted-cash-flow computations, in selecting performance assumptions for Seabrook, and in setting minimum bid price.

- 173. Ont. Energy Board RP-1999-0044**, Ontario Hydro transmission-cost allocation and rate design; Green Energy Coalition. January 2000.

Cost allocation and rate design. Net vs. gross load billing. Export and wheeling-through transactions. Environmental implications of utility proposals.

- 174. Utah PSC 99-2035-03**, PacifiCorp Sale of Centralia plant, mine, and related facilities; Utah Committee of Consumer Services. January 2000.

Prudence of sale and management of auction. Benefits to ratepayers. Allocation and rate treatment of gain.

- 175. Conn. DPUC 99-09-12**, Nuclear Divestiture by Connecticut Light & Power and United Illuminating; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. January 2000.

Market for nuclear assets. Optimal structure of auctions. Value of minority rights. Timing of divestiture.

- 176. Ont. Energy Board RP-1999-0017**, Union Gas PBR proposal; Green Energy Coalition. March 2000.

Lost-revenue-adjustment and shared-savings incentive mechanisms for Union Gas DSM programs. Standards for review of targets and achievements, computation of lost revenues. Need for DSM expenditure true-up mechanism.

- 177. N.Y. PSC 99-S-1621**, Consolidated Edison steam rates; City of New York. April 2000.

Allocation of costs of former cogeneration plants, and of net proceeds of asset sale. Economic justification for steam-supply plans. Depreciation rates. Weather normalization and other rate adjustments.

- 178. Maine PUC 99-666**, Central Maine Power alternative rate plan; Maine Public Advocate. Direct, May 2000; Surrebuttal, August 2000.
- Likely merger savings. Savings and rate reductions from recent mergers. Implications for rates.
- 179. Mass. EFSB 97-4**, Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company gas-pipeline proposal; Town of Wilbraham, Mass. June 2000.
- Economic justification for natural-gas pipeline. Role and jurisdiction of EFSB.
- 180. Conn. DPUC 99-09-03**; Connecticut Natural Gas Corporation merger and rate plan; Connecticut office of Consumer Counsel. September 2000.
- Performance-based ratemaking in light of mergers. Allocation of savings from merger. Earnings-sharing mechanism.
- 181. Conn. DPUC 99-09-12RE01**, Proposed Millstone sale; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. November 2000.
- Requirements for review of auction of generation assets. Allocation of proceeds between units.
- 182. Mass. DTE 01-25**, Purchase of streetlights from Commonwealth Electric; Cape Light Compact. January 2001
- Municipal purchase of streetlights; Calculation of purchase price under state law; Determination of accumulated depreciation by asset.
- 183. Conn. DPUC 00-12-01 and 99-09-12RE03**, Connecticut Light & Power rate design and standard offer; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. March 2001.
- Rate design and standard offer under restructuring law; Future rate impacts; Transition to restructured regime; Comparison of Connecticut and California restructuring challenges.
- 184. Vt. PSB 6460 & 6120**, Central Vermont Public Service rates; Vermont Department of Public Service. Direct, March 2001; Surrebuttal, April 2001.
- Review of decision in early 1990s to commit to long-term uneconomic purchase from Hydro Québec. Calculation of present damages from imprudence.
- 185. N.J. BPU EM00020106**, Atlantic City Electric Company sale of fossil plants; New Jersey Ratepayer Advocate. Affidavit, May 2001.
- Comparison of power-supply contracts. Comparison of plant costs to replacement power cost. Allocation of sales proceeds between subsidiaries.

- 186. N.J. BPU GM00080564**, Public Service Electric and Gas transfer of gas supply contracts; New Jersey Ratepayer Advocate. Direct, May 2001.
- Transfer of gas transportation contracts to unregulated affiliate. Potential for market power in wholesale gas supply and electric generation. Importance of reliable gas supply. Valuation of contracts. Effect of proposed requirements contract on rates. Regulation and design of standard-offer service.
- 187. Conn. DPUC 99-04-18 Phase 3, 99-09-03 Phase 2**; Southern Connecticut Natural Gas and Connecticut Natural Gas rates and charges; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. Direct, June 2001; supplemental, July 2001.
- Identifying, quantifying, and allocating merger-related gas-supply savings between ratepayers and shareholders. Establishing baselines. Allocations between affiliates. Unaccounted-for gas.
- 188. N.J. BPU EX01050303**, New Jersey electric companies' procurement of basic supply; New Jersey Ratepayer Advocate. August 2001.
- Review of proposed statewide auction for purchase of power requirements. Market power. Risks to ratepayers of proposed auction.
- 189. N.Y. PSC 00-E-1208**, Consolidated Edison rates; City of New York. October 2001.
- Geographic allocation of stranded costs. Locational and postage-stamp rates. Causation of stranded costs. Relationship between market prices for power and stranded costs.
- 190. Mass. DTE 01-56**, Berkshire Gas Company; Massachusetts Attorney General. October 2001.
- Allocation of gas costs by load shape and season. Competition and cost allocation.
- 191. N.J. BPU EM00020106**, Atlantic City Electric proposed sale of fossil plants; New Jersey Ratepayer Advocate. December 2001.
- Current market value of generating plants vs. proposed purchase price.
- 192. Vt. PSB 6545**, Vermont Yankee proposed sale; Vermont Department of Public Service. January 2002.
- Comparison of sales price to other nuclear sales. Evaluation of auction design and implementation. Review of auction manager's valuation of bids.
- 193. Conn. Siting Council 217**, Connecticut Light & Power proposed transmission line from Plumtree to Norwalk; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. March 2002.
- Nature of transmission problems. Potential for conservation and distributed resources to defer, reduce or avoid transmission investment. CL&P transmission planning process. Joint testimony with John Plunkett.

- 194. Vt. PSB 6596**, Citizens Utilities rates; Vermont Department of Public Service. Direct, March 2002; rebuttal, May 2002.
- Review of 1991 decision to commit to long-term uneconomic purchase from Hydro Québec. Alternatives; role of transmission constraints. Calculation of present damages from imprudence.
- 195. Conn. DPUC 01-10-10**, United Illuminating rate plan; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. April 2002
- Allocation of excess earnings between shareholders and ratepayers. Asymmetry in treatment of over- and under-earning. Accelerated amortization of stranded costs. Effects of power-supply developments on ratepayer risks. Effect of proposed rate plan on utility risks and required return.
- 196. Conn. DPUC 01-12-13RE01**, Seabrook proposed sale; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. July 2002
- Comparison of sales price to other nuclear sales. Evaluation of auction design and implementation. Assessment of valuation of purchased-power contracts.
- 197. Ont. Energy Board RP-2002-0120**, review of transmission-system code; Green Energy Coalition. October 2002.
- Cost allocation. Transmission charges. Societal cost-effectiveness. Environmental externalities.
- 198. N.J. BPU ER02080507**, Jersey Central Power & Light rates; N.J. Division of the Ratepayer Advocate. Phase I December 2002; Phase II (oral) July 2003.
- Prudence of procurement of electrical supply. Documentation of procurement decisions. Comparison of costs for subsidiaries with fixed versus flow-through cost recovery.
- 199. Conn. DPUC 03-07-02**, CL&P rates; AARP. October 2003
- Proposed distribution investments, including prudence of prior management of distribution system and utility's failure to make investments previously funded in rates. Cost controls. Application of rate cap. Legislative intent.
- 200. Conn. DPUC 03-07-01**, CL&P transitional standard offer; AARP. November 2003.
- Application of rate cap. Legislative intent.
- 201. Vt. PSB 6596**, Vermont Electric Power Company and Green Mountain Power Northwest Reliability transmission plan; Conservation Law Foundation. December 2003.
- Inadequacies of proposed transmission plan. Failure of to perform least-cost planning. Distributed resources.

- 202. Ohio PUC 03-2144-EL-ATA**, Ohio Edison, Cleveland Electric, and Toledo Edison Cos. rates and transition charges; Green Mountain Energy Co. February 2004.  
Pricing of standard-offer service in competitive markets. Critique of anticompetitive features of proposed standard-offer supply, including non-bypassable charges.
- 203. N.Y. PSC 03-G-1671 & 03-S-1672**, Consolidated Edison company steam and gas rates; City of New York. Direct March 2004; rebuttal April 2004; settlement June 2004.  
Prudence and cost allocation for the East River Repowering Project. Gas and steam energy conservation. Opportunities for cogeneration at existing steam plants.
- 204. N.Y. PSC 04-E-0572**, Consolidated Edison rates and performance; City of New York. Direct, September 2004; rebuttal, October 2004.  
Consolidated Edison's role in promoting adequate supply and demand resources. Integrated resource and T&D planning. Performance-based ratemaking and streetlighting.
- 205. Ont. Energy Board RP 2004-0188**, cost recovery and DSM for Ontario electric-distribution utilities; Green Energy Coalition. Exhibit, December 2004.  
Differences in ratemaking requirements for customer-side conservation and demand management versus utility-side efficiency improvements. Recovery of lost revenues or incentives. Reconciliation mechanism.
- 206. Mass. DTE 04-65**, Cambridge Electric Light Co. streetlighting; City of Cambridge. Direct, October 2004; supplemental, January 2005.  
Calculation of purchase price of street lights by the City of Cambridge.
- 207. N.Y. PSC 04-W-1221**, rates, rules, charges, and regulations of United Water New Rochelle; Town of Eastchester and City of New Rochelle. Direct, February 2005.  
Size and financing of proposed interconnection. Rate design. Water-mains replacement and related cost recovery. Lost and unaccounted-for water.
- 208. N.Y. PSC 05-M-0090**, system-benefits charge; City of New York. Comments, March 2005.  
Assessment and scope of, and potential for, New York system-benefits charges.
- 209. Md. PSC 9036**, Baltimore Gas & Electric rates; Maryland Office of People's Counsel. Direct, August 2005.  
Allocation of costs. Design of rates. Interruptible and firm rates.



- 210. B.C. UC 3698388**, British Columbia Hydro resource-acquisition plan; British Columbia Sustainable Energy Association and Sierra Club of Canada BC Chapter. September 2005.
- Renewable energy and DSM. Economic tests of cost-effectiveness. Costs avoided by DSM.
- 211. Conn. DPUC 05-07-18**, financial effect of long-term power contracts; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. September 2005.
- Assessment of effect of DSM, distributed generation, and capacity purchases on financial condition of utilities.
- 212. Conn. DPUC 03-07-01RE03 & 03-07-15RE02**, incentives for power procurement; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. Direct, September 2005; Additional, April 2006.
- Utility obligations for generation procurement. Application of standards for utility incentives. Identification and quantification of effects of timing, load characteristics, and product definition.
- 213. Conn. DPUC Docket 05-10-03**, Connecticut L&P; time-of-use, interruptible, and seasonal rates; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. Direct and Supplemental Testimony February 2006.
- Seasonal and time-of-use differentiation of generation, congestion, transmission and distribution costs; fixed and variable peak-period timing; identification of pricing seasons and seasonal peak periods; cost-effectiveness of time-of-use rates.
- 214. Ont. Energy Board Case EB-2005-0520**, Union Gas rates; School Energy Coalition. Evidence, April 2006.
- Rate design related to splitting commercial rate class into two classes. New break point, cost allocation, customer charges, commodity rate blocks.
- 215. Ont. Energy Board EB-2006-0021**, Natural-gas demand-side-management generic issues proceeding; School Energy Coalition. Evidence, June 2006.
- Multi-year planning and budgeting; lost-revenue adjustment mechanism; determining savings for incentives; oversight; program screening.
- 216. Ind. URC 42943 and 43046**, Vectren Energy DSM proceedings; Citizens Action Coalition. Direct, June 2006.
- Rate decoupling and energy-efficiency goals.
- 217. Penn. PUC 00061346**, Duquesne Lighting; Real-time pricing; PennFuture. Direct, July 2006; surrebuttal August 2006.
- Real-time and time-dependent pricing; benefits of time-dependent pricing; appropriate metering technology; real-time rate design and customer information

- 218. Penn. PUC R-00061366 et al., rate-transition-plan proceedings of Metropolitan Edison and Pennsylvania Electric; Real-time pricing; PennFuture. Direct, July 2006; surrebuttal August 2006.**

Real-time and time-dependent pricing; appropriate metering technology; real-time rate design and customer information.

- 219. Conn. DPUC 06-01-08, Connecticut L&P procurement of power for standard service and last-resort service; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. Reports and technical hearings quarterly since September 2006 to October 2013.**

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- 220. Conn. DPUC 06-01-08, United Illuminating procurement of power for standard service and last-resort service; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. Reports and technical hearings quarterly August 2006 to October 2013.**

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- 221. N.Y. PSC 06-M-1017, policies, practices, and procedures for utility commodity supply service; City of New York. Comments, November and December 2006.**

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- 222. Conn. DPUC 06-01-08, procurement of power for standard service and last-resort service, lessons learned; Connecticut Office Of Consumer Counsel. Comments and Technical Conferences December 2006 and January 2007.**

Sharing of data and sources; benchmark prices; need for predictability, transparency and adequate review; utility-owned resources; long-term firm contracts.

- 223. Ohio PUC PUCO 05-1444-GA-UNC, recovery of conservation costs, decoupling, and rate-adjustment mechanisms for Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio; Ohio Consumers' Counsel. February 2007.**

Assessing cost-effectiveness of natural-gas energy-efficiency programs. Calculation of avoided costs. Impact on rates. System benefits of DSM.

- 224. N.Y. PSC 06-G-1332, Consolidated Edison Rates and Regulations; City of New York. March 2007.**

Gas energy efficiency: benefits to customers, scope of cost-effective programs, revenue decoupling, shareholder incentives.

- 225. Alb. EUB 1500878**, ATCo Electric rates; Association of Municipal Districts & Counties and Alberta Federation of Rural Electrical Associations. May 2007.
- Direct assignment of distribution costs to street lighting. Cost causation and cost allocation. Minimum-system and zero-intercept classification.
- 226. Conn. DPUC 07-04-24**, review of capacity contracts under Energy Independence Act; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. Direct (with Jonathan Wallach), June 2007.
- Assessment of proposed capacity contracts for new combined-cycle, peakers and DSM. Evaluation of contracts for differences, modeling of energy, capacity and forward-reserve markets. Corrections of errors in computation of costs, valuation of energy-price effects of peakers, market-driven expansion plans and retirements, market response to contracted resource additions, DSM proposal evaluation.
- 227. N.Y. PSC 07-E-0524**, Consolidated Edison electric rates; City of New York. September 2007.
- Energy-efficiency planning. Recovery of DSM costs. Decoupling of rates from sales. Company incentives for DSM. Advanced metering. Resource planning.
- 228. Man. PUB 136-07**, Manitoba Hydro rates; Resource Conservation Manitoba and Time to Respect Earth's Ecosystem. February 2008.
- Revenue allocation, rate design, and demand-side management. Estimation of marginal costs and export revenues.
- 229. Mass. EFSB 07-7, DPU 07-58 & -59**; proposed Brockton Power Company plant; Alliance Against Power Plant Location. March 2008
- Regional supply and demand conditions. Effects of plant construction and operation on regional power supply and emissions.
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- Assessment of proposed peaking projects. Valuation of peaking capacity. Modeling of energy margin, forward reserves, other project benefits.
- 231. Ont. Energy Board 2007-0905**, Ontario Power Generation payments; Green Energy Coalition. April 2008.
- Cost of capital for Hydro and nuclear investments. Financial risks of nuclear power.
- 232. Utah PSC 07-035-93**, Rocky Mountain Power Rates; Utah Committee of Consumer Services. July 2008
- Cost allocation and rate design. Cost of service. Correct classification of generation, transmission, and purchases.

- 233. Ont. Energy Board 2007-0707**, Ontario Power Authority integrated system plan; Green Energy Coalition, Penimba Institute, and Ontario Sustainable Energy Association. Evidence (with Jonathan Wallach and Richard Mazzini), August 2008.  
Critique of integrated system plan. Resource cost and characteristics; finance cost. Development of least-cost green-energy portfolio.
- 234. N.Y. PSC 08-E-0596**, Consolidated Edison electric rates; City of New York. September 2008.  
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- 235. Conn. DPUC 08-07-01**, Integrated resource plan; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. September 2008.  
Integrated resource planning scope and purpose. Review of modeling and assumptions. Review of energy efficiency, peakers, demand response, nuclear, and renewables. Structuring of procurement contracts.
- 236. Man. PUB 2008 MH EIIR**, Manitoba Hydro intensive industrial rates; Resource Conservation Manitoba and Time to Respect Earth's Ecosystem. November 2008.  
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- 237. Md. PSC 9036**, Columbia Gas rates; Maryland Office of People's Counsel. January 2009.  
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- 238. Vt. PSB 7440**, extension of authority to operate Vermont Yankee; Conservation Law Foundation and Vermont Public Interest Research Group. Direct, February 2009; Surrebuttal, May 2009.  
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- 239. N.S. UARB M01439**, Nova Scotia Power DSM and cost recovery; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. May 2009.  
Recovery of demand-side-management costs and lost revenue.
- 240. N.S. UARB M01496**, proposed biomass project; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. June 2009.  
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- 241. Conn. Siting Council 370A**, Connecticut Light & Power transmission projects; Connecticut Office of Consumer Counsel. July 2009. Also filed and presented in **MA EFSB 08-02**, February 2010.
- Need for transmission projects. Modeling of transmission system. Realistic modeling of operator responses to contingencies
- 242. Mass. DPU 09-39**, NGrid rates; Mass. Department of Energy Resources. August 2009.
- Revenue-decoupling mechanism. Automatic rate adjustments.
- 243. Utah PSC 09-035-23**, Rocky Mountain Power rates; Utah Office of Consumer Services. Direct, October 2009; rebuttal, November 2009.
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- 244. Utah PSC 09-035-15**, Rocky Mountain Power energy-cost-adjustment mechanism; Utah Office of Consumer Services. Direct, November 2009; surrebuttal, January 2010.
- Automatic cost-adjustment mechanisms. Net power costs and related risks. Effects of energy-cost-adjustment mechanisms on utility performance.
- 245. Penn. PUC R-2009-2139884**, Philadelphia Gas Works energy efficiency and cost recovery; Philadelphia Gas Works. December 2009.
- Avoided gas costs. Recovery of efficiency-program costs and lost revenues. Rate impacts of DSM.
- 246. B.C. UC 3698573**, British Columbia Hydro rates; British Columbia Sustainable Energy Association and Sierra Club British Columbia. February 2010.
- Rate design and energy efficiency.
- 247. Ark. PSC 09-084-U**, Entergy Arkansas rates; National Audubon Society and Audubon Arkansas. Direct, February 2010; surrebuttal, April 2010.
- Recovery of revenues lost to efficiency programs. Determination of lost revenues. Incentive and recovery mechanisms.
- 248. Ark. PSC 10-010-U**, Energy efficiency; National Audubon Society and Audubon Arkansas. Direct, March 2010; reply, April 2010.
- Regulatory framework for utility energy-efficiency programs. Fuel-switching programs. Program administration, oversight, and coordination. Rationale for commercial and industrial efficiency programs. Benefit of energy efficiency.

- 249. Ark. PSC 08-137-U**, Generic rate-making; National Audubon Society and Audubon Arkansas. Direct, March 2010; supplemental, October 2010; reply, October 2010.

Calculation of avoided costs. Recovery of utility energy-efficiency-program costs and lost revenues. Shareholder incentives for efficiency-program performance.

- 250. Plymouth, Mass., Superior Court** Civil Action No. PLCV2006-00651-B (Hingham Municipal Lighting Plant v. Gas Recovery Systems LLC et al.), Breach of agreement; defendants. Affidavit, May 2010.

Contract interpretation. Meaning of capacity measures. Standard practices in capacity agreements. Power-pool rules and practices. Power planning and procurement.

- 251. N.S. UARB M02961**, Port Hawkesbury biomass project; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. June 2010.

Least-cost planning and renewable-energy requirements. Feasibility versus alternatives. Unknown or poorly estimated costs.

- 252. Mass. DPU 10-54**, NGrid purchase of long-term power from Cape Wind; Natural Resources Defense Council et al. July 2010.

Effects of renewable-energy projects on gas and electric market prices. Impacts on system reliability and peak loads. Importance of PPAs to renewable development. Effectiveness of proposed contracts as price edges.

- 253. Md. PSC 9230**, Baltimore Gas & Electric rates; Maryland Office of People's Counsel. Direct, July 2010; rebuttal, surrebuttal, August 2010.

Allocation of gas- and electric-distribution costs. Critique of minimum-system analyses and direct assignment of shared plant. Allocation of environmental compliance costs. Allocation of revenue increases among rate classes.

- 254. Ont. Energy Board 2010-0008**, Ontario Power Generation facilities charges; Green Energy Coalition. Evidence, August 2010.

Critique of including a return on CWIP in current rates. Setting cost of capital by business segment.

- 255. N.S. UARB 03454**, Heritage Gas rates; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. October 2010.

Cost allocation. Cost of capital. Effect on rates of growth in sales.

- 256. Man. PUB 17/10**, Manitoba Hydro rates; Resource Conservation Manitoba and Time to Respect Earth's Ecosystem. December 2010.

Revenue-allocation and rate design. DSM program.

- 257. N.S. UARB M03665**, Nova Scotia Power depreciation rates; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. February 2011.  
Depreciation and rates.
- 258. New Orleans City Council UD-08-02**, Entergy IRP rules; Alliance for Affordable Energy. December 2010.  
Integrated resource planning: Purpose, screening, cost recovery, and generation planning.
- 259. N.S. UARB M03665**, depreciation rates of Nova Scotia Power; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. February 2011.  
Steam-plant retirement dates, post-retirement use, timing of decommissioning and removal costs.
- 260. N.S. UARB M03632**, renewable-energy community-based feed-in tariffs; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. March 2011.  
Adjustments to estimate of cost-based feed-in tariffs. Rate effects of feed-in tariffs.
- 261. Mass. EFSB 10-2/DPU 10-131, 10-132**; NStar transmission; Town of Sandwich, Mass. Direct, May 2011; Surrebuttal, June 2011.  
Need for new transmission; errors in load forecasting; probability of power outages.
- 262. Utah PSC 10-035-124**, Rocky Mountain Power rate case; Utah Office of Consumer Services. June 2011.  
Load data, allocation of generation plants, scrubbers, power purchases, and service drops. Marginal cost study: inclusion of all load-related transmission projects, critique of minimum- and zero-intercept methods for distribution. Residential rate design.
- 263. N.S. UARB M04104**; Nova Scotia Power general rate application; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. August 2011.  
Cost allocation: allocation of costs of wind power and substations. Rate design: marginal-cost-based rates, demand charges, time-of-use rates.
- 264. N.S. UARB M04175**, Load-retention tariff; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. August 2011.  
Marginal cost of serving very large industrial electric loads; risk, incentives and rate design.
- 265. Ark. PSC 10-101-R**, Rulemaking re self-directed energy efficiency for large customers; National Audubon Society and Audubon Arkansas. July 2011.  
Structuring energy-efficiency programs for large customers.

- 266. Okla. CC PUD 201100077**, current and pending federal regulations and legislation affecting Oklahoma utilities; Sierra Club. Comments July, October 2011; presentation July 2011.

Challenges facing Oklahoma coal plants; efficiency, renewable and conventional resources available to replace existing coal plants; integrated environmental compliance planning.

- 267. Nevada PUC 11-08019**, integrated analysis of resource acquisition, Sierra Club. Comments, September 2011; hearing, October 2011.

Scoping of integrated review of cost-effectiveness of continued operation of Reid Gardner 1–3 coal units.

- 268. La. PSC R-30021**, Louisiana integrated-resource-planning rules; Alliance for Affordable Energy. Comments, October 2011.

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- 269. Okla. CC PUD 201100087**, Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company electric rates; Sierra Club. November 2011.

Resource monitoring and acquisition. Benefits to ratepayers of energy conservation and renewables. Supply planning

- 270. Ky. PSC 2011-00375**, Kentucky utilities' purchase and construction of power plants; Sierra Club and National Resources Defense Council. December 2011.

Assessment of resources, especially renewables. Treatment of risk. Treatment of future environmental costs.

- 271. N.S. UARB M04819**, demand-side-management plan of Efficiency Nova Scotia; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. May 2012.

Avoided costs. Allocation of costs. Reporting of bill effects.

- 272. Kansas CC 12-GIMX-337-GIV**, utility energy-efficiency programs; The Climate and Energy Project. June 2012.

Cost-benefit tests for energy-efficiency programs. Collaborative program design.

- 273. N.S. UARB M04862**, Port Hawksbury load-retention mechanism; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. June 2012.

Effect on ratepayers of proposed load-retention tariff. Incremental capital costs, renewable-energy costs, and costs of operating biomass cogeneration plant.

- 274. Utah PSC 11-035-200**, Rocky Mountain Power Rates; Utah Office of Consumer Council. June 2012.

Cost allocation. Estimation of marginal customer costs.



- 275. Ark. PSC 12-008-U**, environmental controls at Southwestern Electric Power Company's Flint Creek plant; Sierra Club. Direct, June 2012; rebuttal, August 2012; further, March 2013.

Costs and benefits of environmental retrofit to permit continued operation of coal plant, versus other options including purchased gas generation, efficiency, and wind. Fuel-price projections. Need for transmission upgrades.

- 276. U.S. EPA EPA-R09-OAR-2012-0021**, air-quality implementation plan; Sierra Club. September 2012.

Costs, financing, and rate effects of Apache coal-plant scrubbers. Relative incomes in service territories of Arizona Coop and other utilities.

- 277. Arkansas PSC Docket No. 07-016-U**; Entergy Arkansas' integrated resource plan; Audubon Arkansas. Comments, September 2012.

Estimation of future gas prices. Estimation of energy-efficiency potential. Screening of resource decisions. Wind costs.

- 278. Vt. PSB 7862**, Entergy Nuclear Vermont and Entergy Nuclear Operations petition to operate Vermont Yankee; Conservation Law Foundation. October 2012.

Effect of continued operation on market prices. Value of revenue-sharing agreement. Risks of underfunding decommissioning fund.

- 279. Man. PUB 2012-13 GRA**, Manitoba Hydro rates; Green Action Centre. November 2012.

Estimation of marginal costs. Fuel switching.

- 280. N.S. UARB M05339**, Capital Plan of Nova Scotia Power; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. January 2013.

Economic and financial modeling of investment. Treatment of AFUDC.

- 281. N.S. UARB M05416**, South Canoe wind project of Nova Scotia Power; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. January 2013.

Revenue requirements. Allocation of tax benefits. Ratemaking.

- 282. N.S. UARB 05419**; Maritime Link transmission project and related contracts, Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate and Small Business Advocate. Direct, April 2013; supplemental (with Seth Parker), November 2013.

Load forecast, including treatment of economy energy sales. Wind power cost forecasts. Cost effectiveness and risk of proposed project. Opportunities for improving economics of project.

- 283. Ont. Energy Board** 2012-0451/0433/0074, Enbridge Gas Greater Toronto Area project; Green Energy Coalition. June 2013, revised August 2013.  
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- 284. N.S. UARB** 05092, tidal-energy feed-in-tariff rate; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. August 2013.  
Purchase rate for test and demonstration projects. Maximizing benefits under rate-impact caps. Pricing to maximize provincial advantage as a hub for emerging tidal-power industry.
- 285. N.S. UARB** 05473, Nova Scotia Power 2013 cost-of-service study; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. October 2013.  
Cost-allocation and rate design.
- 286. B.C. UC** 3698715 & 3698719; performance-based ratemaking plan for FortisBC companies; British Columbia Sustainable Energy Association and Sierra Club British Columbia. Direct (with John Plunkett), December 2013.  
Rationale for enhanced gas and electric DSM portfolios. Correction of utility estimates of electric avoided costs. Errors in program screening. Program potential. Recommended program ramp-up rates.
- 287. Conn. PURA** Docket No. 14-01-01, Connecticut Light and Power Procurement of Standard Service and Last-Resort Service. July and October 2014.  
Proxy for review of bids. Oversight of procurement and selection process.
- 288. Conn. PURA** Docket No. 14-01-02, United Illuminating Procurement of Standard Service and Last-Resort Service. January, April, July, and October 2014.  
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- 289. Man. PUB** 2014, need for and alternatives to proposed hydro-electric facilities; Green Action Centre. Evidence (with Wesley Stevens) February 2014.  
Potential for fuel switching, DSM, and wind to meet future demand.
- 290. Utah PSC** 13-035-184, Rocky Mountain Power Rates; Utah Office of Consumer Services. May 2014.  
Class cost allocation. Classification and allocation of generation plant and purchased power. Principles of cost-causation. Design of backup rates.
- 291. Minn. PSC** E002/GR-13-868, Northern States Power rates; Clean Energy Intervenors. Direct, June 2014; rebuttal, July 2014; surrebuttal, August 2014.  
Inclining-block residential rate design. Rationale for minimizing customer charges.

- 292. Cal. PUC** Rulemaking 12-06-013, electric rates and rate structures; Natural Resources Defense Council. September 2014.

Redesigning residential rates to simplify tier structure while maintaining efficiency and conservation incentives. Effect of marginal price on energy consumption. Realistic modeling of consumer price response. Benefits of minimizing customer charges.

- 293. Md. PSC** 9361, proposed merger of PEPCo Holdings into Exelon; Sierra Club and Chesapeake Climate Action Network. Direct, December 2014; surrebuttal, January 2015.

Effect of proposed merger on Consumer bills, renewable energy, energy efficiency, and climate goals.

- 294. N.S. UARB** M06514, 2015 capital-expenditure plan of Nova Scotia Power; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. January 2015.

Economic evaluation of proposed projects. Treatment of AFUDC, overheads, and replacement costs of lost generation. Computation of rate effects of spending plan.

- 295. Md. PSC** 9153 et al., Maryland energy-efficiency programs; Maryland Office of People's Counsel. January 2015.

Costs avoided by demand-side management. Demand-reduction-induced price effects.

- 296. Québec Régie de L'énergie** R-3867-2013 phase 1, Gaz Métro cost allocation and rate structure; ROEE. February 2015

Classification of the area-spanning system; minimum system and more realistic approaches. Allocation of overhead, energy-efficiency, gas-supply, engineering-and-planning, and billing costs.

- 297. Conn. PURA** Docket No. 15-01-01, Connecticut Light and Power Procurement of Standard Service and Last-Resort Service. February and July 2015.

Proxy for review of bids. Oversight of procurement and selection process.

- 298. Conn. PURA** Docket No. 15-01-02, United Illuminating Procurement of Standard Service and Last-Resort Service. February, July, and October 2015.

Proxy for review of bids. Oversight of procurement and selection process.

- 299. Ky. PSC** 2014-00371, Kentucky Utilities electric rates; Sierra Club. March 2015.

Review basis for higher customer charges, including cost allocation. Design of time-of-day rates.

- 300. Ky. PSC 2014-00372**, Louisville Gas and Electric electric rates; Sierra Club. March 2015.
- Review basis for higher customer charges, including cost allocation. Design of time-of-day rates.
- 301. Mich. PSC U-17767**, DTE Electric Company rates; Michigan Environmental Council, Sierra Club, and Natural Resource Defense Council. May 2015.
- Cost effectiveness of pollution-control retrofits versus retirements. Market prices. Costs of alternatives.
- 302. N.S. UARB M06733**, supply agreement between Efficiency One and Nova Scotia Power; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. June 2015.
- Avoided costs. Cost-effectiveness screening of DSM. Portfolio design. Affordability and bill effects.
- 303. Penn. PUC P-2014-2459362**, Philadelphia Gas Works DSM, universal-service, and energy-conservation plans; Philadelphia Gas Works. Direct, May 2015; Rebuttal, July 2015.
- Avoided costs. Recovery of lost margin.
- 304. Ont. Energy Board EB-2015-0029/0049**, 2015–2020 DSM Plans Of Enbridge Gas Distribution and Union Gas, Green Energy Coalition. Evidence July 31, 2015, Corrected August 12, 2015.
- Avoided costs: price mitigation, carbon prices, marginal gas supply costs, avoidable distribution costs, avoidable upstream costs (including utility-owned pipeline facilities).
- 305. PUC Ohio 14-1693-EL-RDR**, AEP Ohio Affiliate purchased-power agreement, Sierra Club. September 2015.
- Economics of proposed PPA, market energy and capacity projections. Risk shifting. Lack of price stability and reliability benefits. Market viability of PPA units.
- 306. N.S. UARB M06214**, NS Power Renewable-to-Retail rate, Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. November 2015.
- Review of proposed design of rate for third-party sales of renewable energy to retail customers. Distribution, transmission and generation charges.
- 307. PUC Texas Docket No. 44941**, El Paso Electric rates; Energy Freedom Coalition of America. December 2015.
- Cost allocation and rate design. Effect of proposed DG rate on solar customers. Load shapes of residential customers with and without solar. Problems with demand charges.

- 308. N.S. UARB M07176**, NS Power 2016 Capital Expenditures Plan, Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. February 2016.

Economic evaluation of proposed projects, including replacement energy costs and modeling of equipment failures. Treatment of capitalized overheads and depreciation cash flow in computation of rate effects of spending plan.

- 309. Md. PSC 9406**, BGE Application for recovery of Smart Meter costs, Maryland Office of People’s Counsel. Direct February 2016, Rebuttal March 2016, Surrebuttal March 2016.

Assessment of benefits of Smart Meter programs for energy revenue, load reductions and price mitigation; capacity load reductions and price mitigation; free riders and load shifting in peak-time rebate (PTR) program; cost of PTR participation; effect of load reductions on PJM capacity obligations, capacity prices and T&D costs.

- 310. City of Austin TX**, Austin Energy 2016 Rate Review, Sierra Club and Public Citizen. May 2016

Allocation of generation costs. Residential rate design. Geographical rate differentials. Recognition of coal-plant retirement costs.

- 311. Manitoba PUB**, Manitoba Hydro Cost of Service Methodology Review, Green Action Centre. June 2016, reply August 2016.

Allocation of generation costs. Identifying generation-related transmission assets. Treatment of subtransmission. Classification of distribution lines. Allocation of distribution substations and lines. Customer allocators. Shared service drops.

- 312. Md. PSC 9418**, PEPCo Application for recovery of Smart Meter costs, Maryland Office of People’s Counsel. Direct July 2016, Rebuttal August 2016, Surrebuttal September 2016.

Assessment of benefits of Smart Meter programs for energy revenue, load reductions and price mitigation; load reductions in dynamic-pricing (DP) program; cost of DP participation; effect of load reductions on PJM capacity obligations, capacity prices and T&D costs.

- 313. Md. PSC 9424**, Delmarva P&L Application for recovery of Smart Meter costs, Maryland Office of People’s Counsel. Direct September 2016, Rebuttal October 2016, Surrebuttal October 2016.

Estimation of effects of Smart Meter programs—dynamic pricing (DP), conservation voltage reduction and an informational program—on wholesale revenues, wholesale prices and avoided costs; estimating load reductions from the DP program; cost of DP participation; effect of load reductions on PJM capacity obligations, capacity prices and T&D costs.

- 314. N.H. PUC** Docket No. DE 16-576, Alternative Net Metering Tariffs, Conservation Law Foundation. Direct October 2016, Reply December 2016.

Framework for evaluating rates for distributed generation. Costs avoided and imposed by distributed solar. Rate design for distributed generation.

- 315. Puerto Rico Energy Commission** CEPR-AP-2015-0001, Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority rate proceeding, PR Energy Commission. Report December 2016.

Comprehensive review of structure of electric utility, cost causation, load data, cost allocation, revenue allocation, marginal costs, retail rate designs, identification and treatment of customer subsidies, structuring rate riders, and rates for distributed generation and net metering.

- 316. N.S. UARB** M07745, NS Power 2017 Capital Expenditures Plan, Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. January 2017.

Computation and presentation of rate effects. Consistency of assumed plant operation and replacement power costs. Control of total cost of small projects. Coordination of information-technology investments. Investments in biomass plant with uncertain future.

- 317. N.S. UARB** M07746, NS Power Enterprise Resource Planning project, Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. February 2017.

Estimated software project costs. Costs of internal and contractor labor. Affiliate cost allocation.

- 318. N.S. UARB** M07767, NS Power Advanced Metering Infrastructure projects, Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. February 2017.

Design and goals of the AMI pilot program. Procurement. Coordination with information-technology and software projects.

- 319. Québec Régie de l'énergie** R-3867-2013 phase 3A; Gaz Métro estimates of marginal O&M costs; ROEÉ. March 2017.

Estimation of one-time, continuing and periodic customer-related operating and maintenance cost. Costs related to loads and revenues. Dealing with lumpy costs.

- 320. N.S. UARB** M07718, NS Power Maritime Link Cost Recovery, Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. April 2017.

Usefulness of transmission interconnection prior to operation of the associated power plant.

- 321. Mass. DPU** 17-05, Eversource Rate Case, Cape Light Compact. Direct April 2017, Rebuttal May 2017.

Critique of proposed performance-based ratemaking mechanism. Proposal for improvements.

- 322. PUCO 16-1852**, AEP Ohio Electric Security Plan, Natural Resources Defense Council. May 2017.
- Residential customer charge. Cost causation. Effect of rate design on consumption.
- 323. Iowa Utilities Board RPU-2017-0001**, Interstate Power and Light rate case, Natural Resources Defense Council. Direct August 2017, Reply September 2017.
- Critique of proposed demand-charge pilot rates for residential and small commercial customers. Defects of demand rates and shortcomings of IPL experimental proposal design.
- 324. N.S. UARB M08087**, NS Power 2017 Load Forecast, Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. Direct August 2017.
- Review of forecast methodology, including extrapolation of drivers of commercial load from US national data; treatment of non-firm and competitive loads; behind-the-meter generation and controlling peak-load growth.
- 325. Québec Régie de l'énergie R-3867-2013 phase 3B**; Gaz Métro line-extension policy; ROÉÉ. September 2017.
- The costs of adding new load. Estimating the durability of revenues from line extensions.
- 326. Mass. EFSB 17-02**; Eversource proposed Hudson-Sudbury transmission line; Town of Sudbury. October 2017.
- Accuracy of ISO New England regional load forecasts. Potential for distributed solar, storage and demand response.
- 327. Manitoba PUB**, Manitoba 2017/18 & 2018/19 General Rate Application; Green Action Coalition. October 2017.
- Marginal costs. Rate design. Affordability rate design for low-income and electric-heating customers. Design of residential inclining blocks. Problems with demand charges and demand ratchets. Cost-of-service study improvements.
- 328. N.S. UARB M08383**, NS Power 2018 Annually Adjusted Rates; Consumer Advocate. January 2018.
- Projection of incremental dispatch cost. Computing administrative charges. Methodological issues.

- 329. N.S. UARB M08349**, NS Power’s Advanced Metering Infrastructure Proposal; Consumer Advocate. January 2018.

Estimation of AMI benefits: load balancing among feeders, critical peak pricing, avoided costs of meters for distributed generation. NS Power’s claims of benefits from accounting credits (AFUDC, overheads, and converting write-offs to reduced revenue) and shifting costs to customers (earlier billing, higher recorded usage). Realistic AMI meter life. Excessive charge for customers who opt out of AMI.

- 330. N.S. UARB M08350**, NS Power 2018 Annual Capital Expenditures Plan; Consumer Advocate. February 2018.

Overlap between ACE projects and AMI project. Hydro project planning and valuation of lost hydro energy output.

- 331. Conn. PURA Docket No. 08-01-01RE05**, Proposed Amendment to Peaker Contracts; Connecticut Consumers Counsel. May 2018.

Dividing increased revenues from ISO-NE’s Pay-for-Performance mechanism between contract generators and ratepayers.

- 332. Kansas CC Docket No. 18-WSEE-328-RTS**, Westar Rate Case; Sierra Club. Direct June 2018. Rebuttal June 2018. Supplement July 2018.

Costs and benefits of running Westar coal plants. Costs of renewables and other alternatives. Recommendation regarding planning, coal retirement schedule, and acquisition of leased capacity.

- 333. Cal. PUC Application 17-09-006**; Pacific Gas and Electric Gas Cost Allocation Proceeding; Small Business Utility Advocates. Direct June 2018.

Allocation of gas distribution system costs. Allocation of costs of energy-efficiency programs.

- 334. N.S. UARB M08670**, NS Power 2018 Load Forecast, Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. Direct July 2018.

Review of forecast methodology, including treatment of future energy-efficiency programs, treatment of third-party supply and behind-the-meter generation.

- 335. Iowa Utilities Board RPU-2018-0003**, MidAmerican Energy Request for Approval of Ratemaking Principles for Wind XII; Sierra Club. Direct August 2018.

Cost and benefits of continued operation of six MidAmerican coal-fired units.

- 336. Cal. PUC A.18-02-016, 03-001, 03-002**; 2018 Energy Storage Plans; Small Business Utility Advocates. Direct, Rebuttal and Supplement, August 2018.

Reliance on substation-sited storage. Need for increased emphasis on customer-sited and shared storage. Maximizing benefits, total and for small business. Oversized SDG&E proposed projects. Cost recovery. Storage technology diversity.



- 337. La. PSC U-34794;** Cleco Corp Purchase of NRG Assets and Contracts; Sierra Club. Direct, September 2018.

Economics of NRG generation resources, Cleco Power coal plants and wholesale sales contracts. Risks of the proposed transaction.

- 338. Cal. PUC A.18-11-005;** Southern California Gas Demand-Response Proposal; Small Business Utility Advocates. Direct March 2019, Rebuttal April 2019.

Potential benefits of gas demand response and SoCalGas failure to identify potential benefits from its programs. Program design. Cost allocation.

- 339. Cal. PUC A.18-11-003;** Pacific Gas & Electric Electric Vehicle Rate; Small Business Utility Advocates. Direct April 2019, Rebuttal May 2019.

Critique of subscription demand charge. Time-of-use periods. Outreach to small business. Time-of-use price differentials.

- 340. Cal. PUC A.18-07-024;** Southern California Gas and San Diego Gas & Electric Triennial Cost Allocation Proceeding; Small Business Utility Advocates. Direct April 2019.

Core commercial declining blocks. Computation of customer charges. Embedded versus marginal cost allocation. Marginal cost computation. Allocation of self-generation incentives.

- 341. Vt. PUC 19-0397-PET;** Screening Values for Energy-Efficiency Measures; Conservation Law Foundation. Direct May 2019.

Conceptual basis for including price-suppression benefits to consumers. Avoided T&D costs. Avoided externalities with a renewable energy standard. Risk mitigation.

- 342. N.S. UARB M09096;** EfficiencyOne Application for 2020–2022 DSM Plan; Consumer Advocate. May 2019

Evaluate NS Power critique of EfficiencyOne proposal. Comparability of efficiency budgets. Affordability. Energy-efficiency programs and resource planning.

- 343. N.S. UARB M09191;** NS Power 2019 Load Forecast Report; Consumer Advocate. July 2019.

Review load-forecast treatment of energy efficiency, fuel switching, electric vehicles, behind-the-meter solar, AMI-enabled programs, and the changing trend in lighting efficiency.

- 344. Iowa Utilities Board RPU-2019-001;** Interstate Power and Light Rate Case; Sierra Club. Direct August 2019; Rebuttal September 2019.

Economics of continued operation of five coal units: fuel, O&M, capital additions, overheads, market revenues, and cost of renewable resources. Recommend retirement of all units.

- 345. Maine PUC 2019-00101;** Unutil Precedent Agreement for Westbrook Xpress, Conservation Law Foundation. August 2019.

The role of fuel conversions in Unutil's load forecast. Mandates for reducing greenhouse gas emissions. Efficient electric end uses as alternatives to gas system expansion. Risks of and alternatives to new pipeline supply.

- 346. Maine PUC 2019-00105;** Bangor Natural Gas Precedent Agreement for Westbrook Xpress, Conservation Law Foundation. August 2019.

Mandates for reducing greenhouse gas emissions. Efficient electric end uses as alternatives to gas system expansion. Risks of and alternatives to new pipeline supply.

- 347. Wisconsin PSC 6690-UR-126;** Wisconsin Public Service Corporation 2020 Rate Case, Sierra Club. Direct August 2019, Surrebuttal October 2019.

Economics of continued operation of four coal units: fuel, O&M, capital additions, overheads, market revenues, and cost of renewable resources. Recommend retirement of uneconomic units.

- 348. Wisconsin PSC 05-UR-109;** Wisconsin Electric Power Company 2020 Rate Case; Sierra Club. Direct August 2019, Surrebuttal October 2019

Economics of continued operation of six coal units: fuel, O&M, capital additions, overheads, market revenues, and cost of renewable resources. Recommend retirement of uneconomic units.

- 349 N.S. UARB M09277;** NS Power Maritime Link Cost Recovery, Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. August 2019.

Benefits of the Maritime Link transmission line prior to operation of associated power supply and connecting transmission facilities.

- 350. N.H. PUC DG 17-198;** Liberty Utilities Petition to Approve Firm Supply, Transportation Agreements, and the Granite Bridge Project; Conservation Law Foundation. September 2019.

Need for transportation contracts and new pipeline. Alternative of switching oil and propane to efficient electric end uses. Limited life of gas infrastructure and effect on ratepayer costs.

- 351. Colorado PUC 19AL-0268E;** Public Service of Colorado Rate Case; Sierra Club. September 2019.

Prudence of management of superheater tube failures. Unfavorable economics of coal plants nationally. Need for continuing review of coal-plant economics and benefits of retirement.

- 352. N.H. PUC DG 17-152;** Liberty Utilities Least Cost Integrated Resource Plan; Conservation Law Foundation. September 2019.

Integrated planning for gas utilities in an era of carbon constraints. Heat pump electrification versus gas conversion of oil-fired space and water heating.

- 353. N.S. UARB M09420;** NS Power Application for an Extra-Large Industrial Active Demand Control Tariff; Nova Scotia Consumer Advocate. December 2019.

Estimating incremental costs, including lost wheeling revenues, variable O&M, and variable capital cost; updating and reconciliation of incremental costs.

- 354. Cal. PUC A.19-07-006;** San Diego Gas & Electric Fast-Charging and Heavy-Duty Electric Vehicle Proposal; Small Business Utility Advocates. Direct January 2020.

Interim rate proposal. Critique of subscription and demand charges. Time-of-use periods. Recovery of lost revenues.

## ACRONYMS AND INITIALISMS

APS	Alleghany Power System	NARUC	National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners
ASLB	Atomic Safety and Licensing Board	NEPOOL	New England Power Pool
BEP	Board of Environmental Protection	NRC	Nuclear Regulatory Commission
BPU	Board of Public Utilities	OCA	Office of Consumer Advocate
BRC	Board of Regulatory Commissioners	PSB	Public Service Board
CC	Corporation Commission	PBR	Performance-based Regulation
CMP	Central Maine Power	PSC	Public Service Commission
DER	Department of Environmental Regulation	PUC	Public Utility Commission
DPS	Department of Public Service	PUB	Public Utilities Board
DQE	Duquesne Light	PURA	Public Utility Regulatory Authority
DPUC	Department of Public Utilities Control	PURPA	Public Utility Regulatory Policy Act
DSM	Demand-Side Management	ROEE	Regroupement des organismes environnementaux en énergie
DTE	Department of Telecommunications and Energy	SCC	State Corporation Commission
EAB	Environmental Assessment Board	UARB	Utility and Review Board
EFSB	Energy Facilities Siting Board	USAEE	U.S. Association of Energy Economists
EFSC	Energy Facilities Siting Council	UC	Utilities Commission
EUB	Energy and Utilities Board	URC	Utility Regulatory Commission
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission	UTC	Utilities and Transportation Commission
ISO	Independent System Operator		
LRAM	Lost-Revenue-Adjustment Mechanism		

**EXHIBIT RII-2**  
**JOHN D. WILSON**

Resource Insight, Inc.  
5 Water Street  
Arlington, Massachusetts 02476

**SUMMARY OF PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE**

- 2019–Present*    **Research Director, Resource Insight, Inc.** Provides research, technical assistance, and expert testimony on electric- and gas-utility planning, economics, and regulation. Reviews electric-utility rate design. Designs and evaluates conservation programs for electric utilities, including conservation cost recovery mechanisms and performance incentives. Evaluates performance of renewable resources and designs performance evaluation systems for procurement. Designs and assesses resource planning and procurement strategies for regulated and competitive markets.
- 2007-19*    **Deputy Director for Regulatory Policy, Southern Alliance for Clean Energy.** Managed regulatory policy, including supervision of experts in areas of energy efficiency, renewable energy, and market data. Provided expert witness testimony on topics of resource planning, renewable energy, energy efficiency to utility regulators. Directed litigation activities, including support of expert witnesses in the areas of rate design, resource planning, renewable energy, energy efficiency, and resource procurement. Conducted supporting research and policy development. Represented SACE on numerous legislative, utility, and private committees across a wide range of climate and energy related topics.
- 2001–06*    **Executive Director, Galveston-Houston Association for Smog Prevention.** Directed advocacy and regulatory policy related to air pollution reduction, including ozone, air toxics, and other related pollutants in the industrial, utility, and transportation sectors. Served on the Regional Air Quality Planning Committee, Transportation Policy Technical Advisory Committee, and Steering Committee of the TCEQ Interim Science Committee.
- 2000–01*    **Senior Associate, The Goodman Corporation.** Provided transportation and urban planning consultant services to cities and business districts across Texas.
- 1997–99*    **Senior Legislative Analyst and Technology Projects Coordinator, Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, Florida Legislature.** Author or team member for reports on water supply policy, environmental permitting, community development corporations, school district financial management and other issues – most recommendations implemented by the 1998 and 1999 Florida Legislatures. Edited statewide government accountability newsletter and coordinated online and internal technical projects.
- 1997*        **Environmental Management Consultant, Florida State University.** Project staff for Florida Assessment of Coastal Trends.

1992-96 **Research Associate, Center for Global Studies, Houston Advanced Research Center.** Coordinated and led research for projects assessing environmental and resource issues in the Rio Grande / Rio Bravo river basin and across the Greater Houston region. Coordinated task force and edited book on climate change in Texas.

## EDUCATION

BA, Physics (with honors) and history, Rice University, 1990.

MPP, John F. Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University, 1992. Concentration areas: Environment, negotiation, economic and analytic methods.

## PUBLICATIONS

“Urban Areas,” with Judith Clarkson and Wolfgang Roeseler, in Gerald R. North, Jurgen Schmandt and Judith Clarkson, *The Impact of Global Warming on Texas: A Report of the Task Force on Climate Change in Texas*, 1995.

“Quality of Life and Comparative Risk in Houston,” with Janet E. Kohlhasse and Sabrina Strawn, *Urban Ecosystems*, Vol. 3, Issue 2, July 1999.

“Seeking Consistency in Performance Incentives for Utility Energy Efficiency Programs,” with Tom Franks and J. Richard Hornby, *2010 American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy Summer Study on Energy Efficiency in Buildings*, August 2010.

## REPORTS

“Policy Options: Responding to Climate Change in Texas,” Houston Advanced Research Center, US EPA and Texas Water Commission, October 1993.

Houston Environmental Foresight Science Panel, *Houston Environment 1995*, Houston Advanced Research Center, 1996.

Houston Environmental Foresight Committee, *Seeking Environmental Improvement*, Houston Advanced Research Center, January 1996.

Florida Coastal Management Program, *Florida Assessment of Coastal Trends*, June 1997.

Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, *Best Financial Management Practices for Florida School Districts*, Report No. 97-08, October 1997.

Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, *Review of the Community Development Corporation Support and Assistance Program*, Report No. 97-45, February 1998.

Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, *Review of the Expedited Permitting Process Coordinated by the Governor’s Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development*, Report No. 98-17, October 1998.

Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, *Florida Water Policy: Discouraging Competing Applications for Water Permits; Encouraging Cost-Effective Water Development*, Report No. 99-06, August 1999.

“Smoke in the Water: Air Pollution Hidden in the Water Vapor from Cooling Towers – Agencies Fail to Enforce Against Polluters,” Galveston Houston Association for Smog Prevention, February 2004.

“Reducing Air Pollution from Houston-Area School Buses,” Galveston Houston Association for Smog Prevention, March 2004.

“Who’s Counting: The Systematic Underreporting of Toxic Air Emissions,” Environmental Integrity Project and Galveston Houston Association for Smog Prevention, June 2004.

“Mercury in Galveston and Houston Fish: Contamination by Neurotoxin Places Children at Risk,” Galveston Houston Association for Smog Prevention, October 2004.

“Exceeding the Limit: Industry Violations of New Rule Almost Slid Under State’s Radar,” Galveston Houston Association for Smog Prevention, January 2006.

“Whiners Matter! Citizen Complaints Lead to Improved Regional Air Quality Control,” Galveston Houston Association for Smog Prevention, June 2006.

“Bringing Clean Energy to the Southeastern United States: Achieving the Federal Renewable Energy Standard,” Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, February 2008.

“Cornerstones: Building a Secure Foundation for North Carolina’s Energy Future,” Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, May 2008.

“Yes We Can: Southern Solutions for a National Renewable Energy Standard,” Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, February 2009.

“Green in the Grid: Renewable Electricity Opportunities in the Southeast United States,” with Dennis Creech, Eliot Metzger, and Samantha Putt Del Pino, World Resources Institute Issue Briefs, April 2009.

“Local Clean Power,” with Dennis Creech, Eliot Metzger, and Samantha Putt Del Pino, World Resources Institute Issue Briefs, April 2009.

“Energy Efficiency Program Impacts and Policies in the Southeast,” Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, May 2009.

“Recommendations for Feed-In-Tariff Program Implementation In The Southeast Region To Accelerate Renewable Energy Development,” Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, March 2011.

“Renewable Energy Standard Offer: A Tennessee Valley Authority Case Study,” Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, November 2012.

“Increased Levels of Renewable Energy Will Be Compatible with Reliable Electric Service in the Southeast,” Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, November 2014.

“Cleaner Energy for Southern Company: Finding a Low Cost Path to Clean Power Plan Compliance,” Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, July 2015.

“Analysis of Solar Capacity Equivalent Values for Duke Energy Carolinas and Duke Energy Progress Systems,” prepared for and filed by Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, Natural Resources Defense Council, and Sierra Club in North Carolina NCUC Docket No. E-100, Sub 147, February 17, 2017.

“Seasonal Electric Demand in the Southeastern United States,” Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, March 2017.

“Analysis of Solar Capacity Equivalent Values for the South Carolina Electric and Gas System,” Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, March 2017.

“Solar in the Southeast, 2017 Annual Report,” with Bryan Jacob, Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, February 2018.

“Energy Efficiency in the Southeast, 2018 Annual Report,” with Forest Bradley-Wright, Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, December 2018.

“Solar in the Southeast, 2018 Annual Report,” with Bryan Jacob, Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, April 2018.

“Tracking Decarbonization in the Southeast, 2019 Generation and CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions Report,” with Heather Pohman and Maggie Shober, Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, August 2019.

## **PRESENTATIONS**

“Clean Energy Solutions for Western North Carolina,” presentation to Progress Energy Carolinas WNC Community Energy Advisory Council, February 7, 2008.

“Energy Efficiency: Regulating Cost-Effectiveness,” Florida Public Service Commission undocketed workshop, April 25, 2008.

“Utility-Scale Renewable Energy,” presentation on behalf of Southern Alliance for Clean Energy to the Board of the Tennessee Valley Authority, March 5, 2008.

“An Advocates Perspective on the Duke Save-a-Watt Approach,” ACEEE 5th National Conference on Energy Efficiency as a Resource, September 2009.

“Building the Energy Efficiency Resource for the TVA Region,” presentation on behalf of Southern Alliance for Clean Energy to the Tennessee Valley Authority Integrated Resource Planning Stakeholder Review Group, December 10, 2009.

“Florida Energy Policy Discussion,” testimony before Energy & Utilities Policy Committee, Florida House of Representatives, January 2010.

“The Changing Face of Energy Supply in Florida (and the Southeast),” 37th Annual PURC Conference, February 2010.



“Bringing Energy Efficiency to Southerners,” Environmental and Energy Study Institute panel on “Energy Efficiency in the South,” April 10, 2010.

“Energy Efficiency: The Southeast Considers its Options,” NAESCO Southeast Regional Workshop, September 2010.

“Energy Efficiency Delivers Growth and Savings for Florida,” testimony before Energy & Utilities Subcommittee, Florida House of Representatives, February 2011.

“Rates vs. Energy Efficiency,” 2013 ACEEE National Conference on Energy Efficiency as a Resource, September 2013.

“TVA IRP Update,” TenneSEIA Annual Meeting, November 19, 2014.

“Views on TVA EE Modeling Approach,” Presentation with Natalie Mims to Tennessee Valley Authority’s Evaluating Energy Efficiency in Utility Resource Planning Meeting, February 10, 2015.

“The Clean Power Plan Can Be Implemented While Maintaining Reliable Electric Service in the Southeast,” Presentation to FERC Eastern Region Technical Conference on EPA’s Clean Power Plan Proposed Rule, March 11, 2015.

“Renewable Energy & Reliability,” Presentation to 5th Annual Southeast Clean Power Summit, EUCI, March 2016.

“Challenges to a Southeast Carbon Market,” Presentation to 5th Annual Southeast Clean Power Summit, EUCI, March 2016.

“Solar Capacity Value: Preview of Analysis to Date,” Florida Alliance for Accelerating Solar and Storage Technology Readiness (FAASSTeR) meeting, Orlando, FL, November 2017.

## **EXPERT TESTIMONY**

*2008*      **South Carolina PSC** Docket No. 2007-358-E, surrebuttal testimony on behalf of Environmental Defense, the South Carolina Coastal Conservation League, Southern Alliance for Clean Energy and the Southern Environmental Law Center.

Cost recovery mechanism for energy efficiency, including shareholder incentive and lost revenue adjustment mechanism.

*2009*      **North Carolina NCUC** Docket No. E-7, Sub 831, direct testimony on behalf of Environmental Defense Fund, Natural Resources Defense Council, Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, and Southern Environmental Law Center.

Cost recovery mechanism for energy efficiency, including shareholder incentive and lost revenue adjustment mechanism.

**Florida PSC** Docket Nos. 080407-EG through 080413-EG, direct testimony on behalf of Southern Alliance for Clean Energy and the Natural Resources Defense Council.

Energy efficiency potential and utility program goals.

**South Carolina PSC** Docket No. 2009-226-E, direct testimony in general rate case on behalf of Environmental Defense, the Natural Resources Defense Council, the South Carolina Coastal Conservation League, Southern Alliance for Clean Energy and the Southern Environmental Law Center.

Cost recovery mechanism for energy efficiency, including shareholder incentive and lost revenue adjustment mechanism.

*2010* **North Carolina NCUC** Docket No. E-100, Sub 124, direct testimony on behalf of Environmental Defense Fund, the Sierra Club, Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, and Southern Environmental Law Center.

Adequacy of consideration of energy efficiency in Duke Energy Carolinas and Progress Energy Carolinas' 2009 integrated resource plans.

**Georgia PSC** Docket No. 31081, direct testimony on behalf of Southern Alliance for Clean Energy.

Adequacy of consideration of energy efficiency in Georgia Power's 2010 integrated resource plan, including cost effectiveness, rate and bill impacts, and lost revenues.

**Georgia PSC** Docket No. 31082, direct testimony on behalf of Southern Alliance for Clean Energy.

Adequacy of consideration of energy efficiency in Georgia Power's 2010 demand side management plan, including program revisions, planning process, stakeholder engagement, and shareholder incentive mechanism.

*2011* **South Carolina PSC** Docket No. 2011-09-E, allowable ex parte briefing on behalf of Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, South Carolina Coastal Conservation League, and Upstate Forever.

Adequacy of South Carolina Electric & Gas's 2011 integrated resource plan, including resource mix, sensitivity analysis, alternative supply and demand side options, and load growth scenarios.

**South Carolina PSC** Docket Nos. 2011-08-E and 2011-10-E, allowable ex parte briefing on behalf of Southern Alliance for Clean Energy, South Carolina Coastal Conservation League, and Upstate Forever.

Adequacy of Progress Energy Carolinas and Duke Energy Carolinas' 2011 integrated resource plans, including resource mix, sensitivity analysis, alternative supply and demand side options, cost escalation, uncertainty of nuclear and economic impact modeling.

*2013* **Georgia PSC** Docket No. 36498, direct testimony on behalf of Southern Alliance for Clean Energy.

Adequacy of consideration of energy efficiency in Georgia Power's 2013 integrated resource plan, including cost effectiveness, rate and bill impacts, and lost revenues, economics of fuel switching and renewable resources.

**South Carolina PSC** Docket No. 2013-392-E, direct testimony with Hamilton Davis in Duke Energy Carolinas need certification case on behalf of the South Carolina Coastal Conservation League and Southern Alliance for Clean Energy.

Need for capacity, adequacy of energy efficiency and renewable energy alternatives, and use of solar power as an energy resource.

*2014* **South Carolina PSC** Docket No. 2014-246-E, direct testimony in generic proceeding on behalf of the South Carolina Coastal Conservation League and Southern Alliance for Clean Energy.

Methods for calculating dependable capacity credit for renewable resources and application to determination of avoided cost.

*2015* **Florida PSC** Docket No. 150196-EI, direct testimony in Florida Power & Light need certification case on behalf of Southern Alliance for Clean Energy.

Appropriate reserve margin and system reliability need.

*2016* **Georgia PSC** Docket No. 40161, direct testimony on behalf of Southern Alliance for Clean Energy.

Adequacy of consideration of renewable energy in Georgia Power's 2016 integrated resource plan, including portfolio diversity, operational and implementation risk, analysis of project-specific costs and benefits (including location and technology considerations), and methods for calculating dependable capacity credit for renewable resources.

2019 **Georgia PSC** Docket Nos. 42310 and 42311, direct testimony with Bryan A. Jacob in Georgia Power's 2019 integrated resource plan and demand side management plan on behalf of Southern Alliance for Clean Energy.

Adequacy of consideration of renewable energy in IRP, retirement of uneconomic plants, and use of all-source procurement process. Shareholder incentive mechanism for both renewable energy and DSM plan.

**Exhibit RII-3: Simple Model of Net Benefit Hydro Assets (\$ millions, net present value)**

Hydro System	Decommission 2018			Sustain through 2058, then Decommission			Net Benefit of Sustaining Through 2058
	Decommission	Replacement Energy 2018-58	Total	Sustaining through 2058	Decommission Costs in 2058	Total	
	a	b	c	d	e	f	g
Mersey	\$213.6	\$151.2	\$364.8	\$355.7	\$9.8	\$365.6	-\$0.8
Annapolis	\$23.9	\$14.4	\$38.3	\$34.5	\$1.1	\$35.6	\$2.7
Fall River	\$6.5	\$1.3	\$7.8	\$3.9	\$0.3	\$4.2	\$3.6
Sheet Harbour	\$55.5	\$28.8	\$84.3	\$33.4	\$2.6	\$36.0	\$48.3
Tusket	\$79.5	\$7.2	\$86.7	\$23.6	\$3.7	\$27.3	\$59.4
St. Margaret's Bay	\$68.1	\$15.7	\$83.8	\$23.5	\$3.1	\$26.6	\$57.2
Wreck Cove	\$424.9	\$190.5	\$615.5	\$160.1	\$19.6	\$179.7	\$435.8
Lequille	\$10.0	\$16.4	\$26.4	\$8.3	\$0.5	\$8.8	\$17.6
Black River	\$194.7	\$61.5	\$256.2	\$47.4	\$9.0	\$56.3	\$199.9
Dickie Brook	\$33.0	\$5.2	\$38.3	\$5.4	\$1.5	\$6.9	\$31.3
Avon	\$46.7	\$16.4	\$63.1	\$10.2	\$2.1	\$12.3	\$50.7
Bear River	\$124.6	\$22.3	\$146.8	\$17.9	\$5.7	\$23.6	\$123.2
Paradise	\$64.2	\$13.7	\$77.9	\$7.1	\$3.0	\$10.1	\$67.9
Nictaux	\$28.2	\$26.2	\$54.4	\$6.2	\$1.3	\$7.5	\$46.8
Sissiboo	\$200.1	\$47.1	\$247.2	\$16.3	\$9.2	\$25.5	\$221.7
Roseway	\$4.6	-	\$4.6	-	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$4.4
Harmony	\$5.4	-	\$5.4	-	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$5.1

All values are net present value over 40 years.

Sources: a, d: *HAS*, p. 19.

b: Replacement energy quantity: *HAS*, p. 19. Replacement energy value: Resource Insight, Inc. assumed 4 c/kWh as no comparable value was provided by NS Power (NS Power, response to CA IR-8). This assumption is a simple estimate of the cost of replacement energy and does not incorporate capacity value. Accordingly, this should be viewed as a sensitivity analysis. NPV calculation assuming a discount rate of 5.78%. Discount rate from input tab of NS Power's EAM.

c: a + b

e: Calculated from (a), assuming a discount rate of 5.78%. Discount rate from input tab of NS Power's EAM.

f: d + e

g: c - f